4evergreen

Perfecting circularity together























9.30 AM

4evergreen alliance and its activities Hans Wortman, 4evergreen alliance Chair



The 4evergreen Guidance on the Improved Collection & Sorting of Fibre-based Packaging for Recycling Jonathan Edmunds - DS Smith, Michel Willems - Smurfit Kappa



Presentations from Waste Management Companies and Organisations – Q&A

Fost Plus - Maarten Delanghe, Account Manager Operations Comieco - Roberto di Molfetta, Recycling Manager Veolia Germany - Linda Bockmühl Association of Cities and Regions for Sustainable Resource Management (ACR+) - Jean-Benoit Bel, Senior Project Manager Municipal Waste Europe - Vanya Veras, Secretary General



11:00 AM

Closing remarks









PART 1

who we are



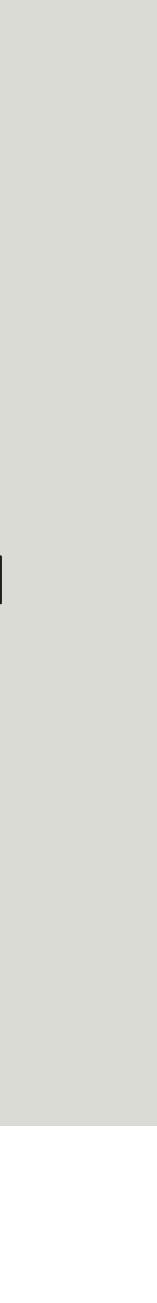






4evergreen

brings together companies across the fibre-based packaging value chain who are committed to raising circularity and sustainability



where we come from



Today, 81,6% of paper and board packaging is recycled.* As we discussed how our sector could become more circular, it became clear that finding innovative and practical solutions is best done together.





* Source: Eurostat, 2020

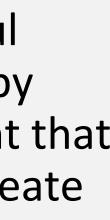
(ed) RECY

In 2019, many companies in the packaging value chain contacted Cepi to discuss and understand the implications of the Single **Use Plastics Directive.**



After several successful workshops organised by Cepi, it became evident that there was a need to create a platform to continue collaborating.





aim, goal and approach

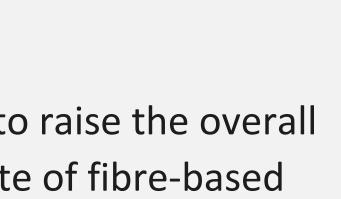


Our aim is to contribute to a climate neutral and sustainable society by **perfecting the circularity** of fibre-based packaging. 90%

Our goal is to raise the overall recycling rate of fibre-based packaging to **90% by 2030**.

We focus on the types that perform low today, in particular household and on-the-go food packaging.





Our approach is **holistic** in identifying and promoting **innovative solutions towards climate neutrality**.



achievements

This is what we have achieved so far:





our goal and intermediate targets

On its journey to a

recycling rate

by 2030

90%

4evergreen has identified 4 targets to meet by 2025:

- guidelines;



 That the fibre-based industry recognises and uses 4evergreen's recyclability evaluation protocol and its circularity by design

 That separate collection streams are available for all fibre**based packaging types,** including those used in household, outof-home and on-the-go consumption;

 That all paper for recycling is sorted according to the paper and **board categories** specified in the EN643 standard;

That 100% of collected fibre-based packaging is recycled.



our members

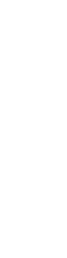


value chain

Our members represent the entire fibre-based packaging value chain.







building an industry toolbox expert-led and fit-for-purpose



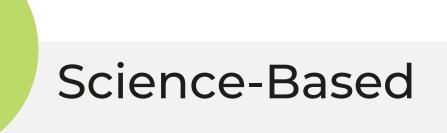
Holistic

4evergreen covers the entire life-cycle of fibre-based packaging and adopts a 360degree holistic approach.

Our deliverables are the result of an extraordinary collaborative effort and consensus-building process of our experts.

We are working with the best consulting firms and research institutes to draw from the best practices across the world.





Our work is based on scientific facts and data derived from accurate testing.



Our toolbox targets the whole packaging life cycle from design to collection & sorting to recycling.

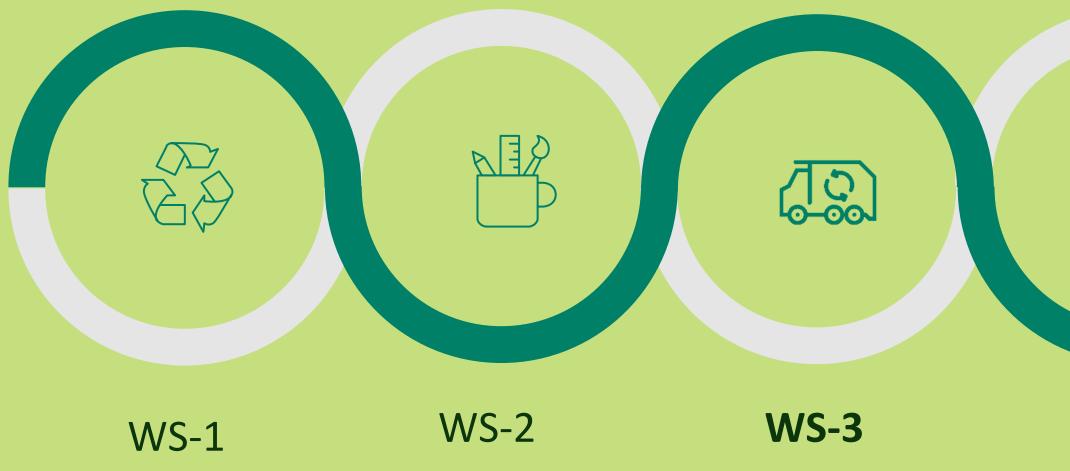
Once completed, it will tackle almost all types of fibre-based packaging



how are we building it?



PERFECTING CIRCULARITY TOGETHER



recyclability evaluation protocol

circularity by design guideline

guidance on improved collection & sorting



WS-4 innovation

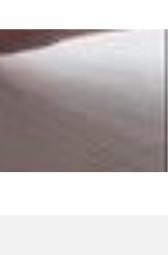
SPREADING THE WORD



Translating the work of the technical workstreams into digestible and educational messages for industry and

policymakers. Building consistent views and collaboration, enabling efficient and effective engagement with decision-makers and stakeholders.

Involving the customer and inform on how to dispose of their consumed fibre-based packaging product.



collection & sorting: two crucial steps to perfect the circularity of fibre-based packaging

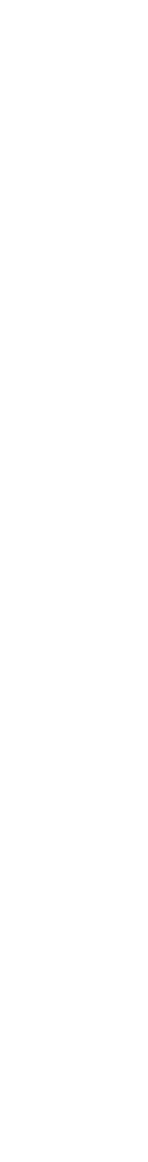
Our Workstream 3 Goal

Identify best practices and draw up guidelines for the collection and sorting of all fibre-based packaging - including the types for household, out-of-home and on-the-go consumption - to raise its recycling rate.



Why do we need a Guidance on Improved Collection & Sorting

- **Collection and Sorting** are key to improving the recycling rate of fibre-based packaging.
- Collection systems vary across Europe and should allow volume and quality - We need simplified messages for consumers and uniformity at the national level first and at the European one in a second stage.
- We need high-quality standards for the separation of waste in the collection phase.
 In order to meet the quality requirements of recycling mills, stream purity is a must.



2

the guidance on the improved collection & sorting







14

GUIDANCE ON THE IMPROVED COLLECTION AND SORTING OF FIBRE-BASED PACKAGING FOR RECYCLING

August 2022





Workstream 3

Guidance on the Improved Collection and Sorting

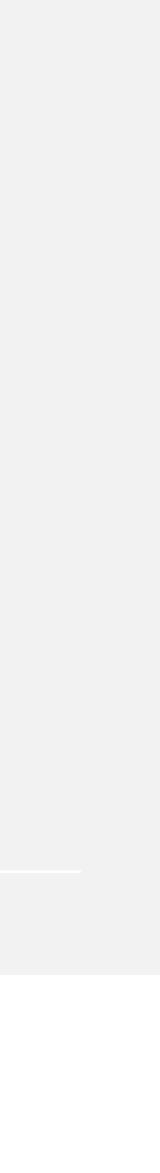
4evergreen key recommendations for improved collection & sorting in Europe and how to move forward



Jonathan Edmunds DS Smith



Michel Willems Smurfit Kappa



Guidance Highlights







Introduction



"To guide the implementation of future collection, sorting and recycling infrastructure, in order to meet EU legal requirements and realise 4evergreen's aspirational targets including a 90% recycling rate for fibre-based packaging"

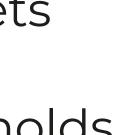


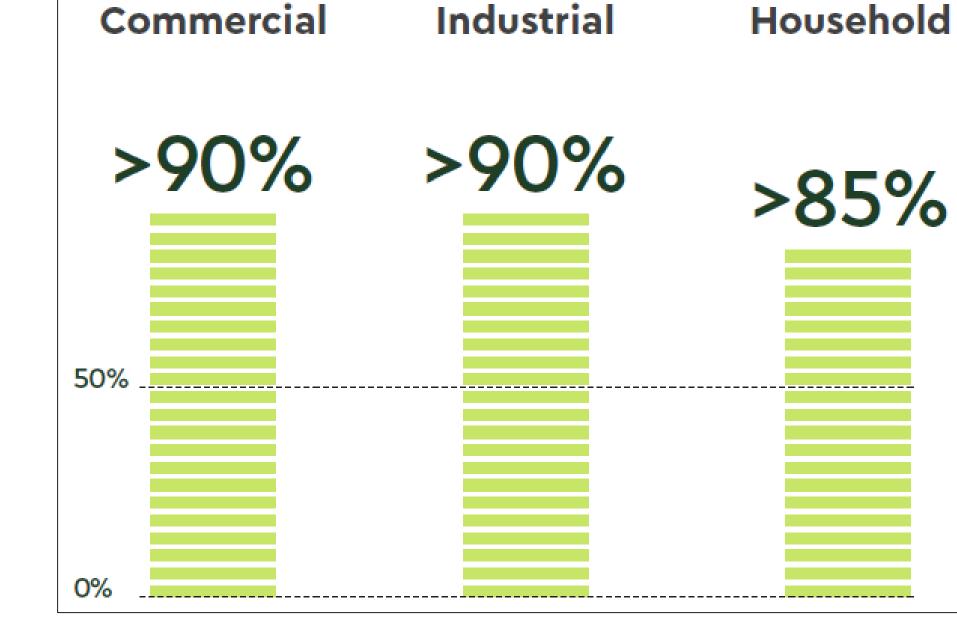


Introduction

- Affecting the whole chain but specifically targeted at policy makers and EPR-schemes
- Source-by-source recycling rate sub-targets
- Focus is on material 'generated' at households
 - 'Putting the finger on the sore spot'
- Provides guidance on the different routes from 'source' to 'recycling'
- One system described in full
 - Alternative (successful) systems are also supported by 4evergreen











Starting points

- All fibre-based packaging is recyclable (as long it ends up at the right destination)
- Source-separation is a must
 - Provides a strong foundation for recycling at suitable paper and board mills
 - Either kerbside collection or drop-off points
- Co-mingled collection should be avoided where possible
 - Another no-go (for the moment): fibres collected from residual waste
- Public awareness is key (but we are all in this together)
- (Real) net recycling costs (for each type of packaging material) to be covered by EPR fees









Recycling mills

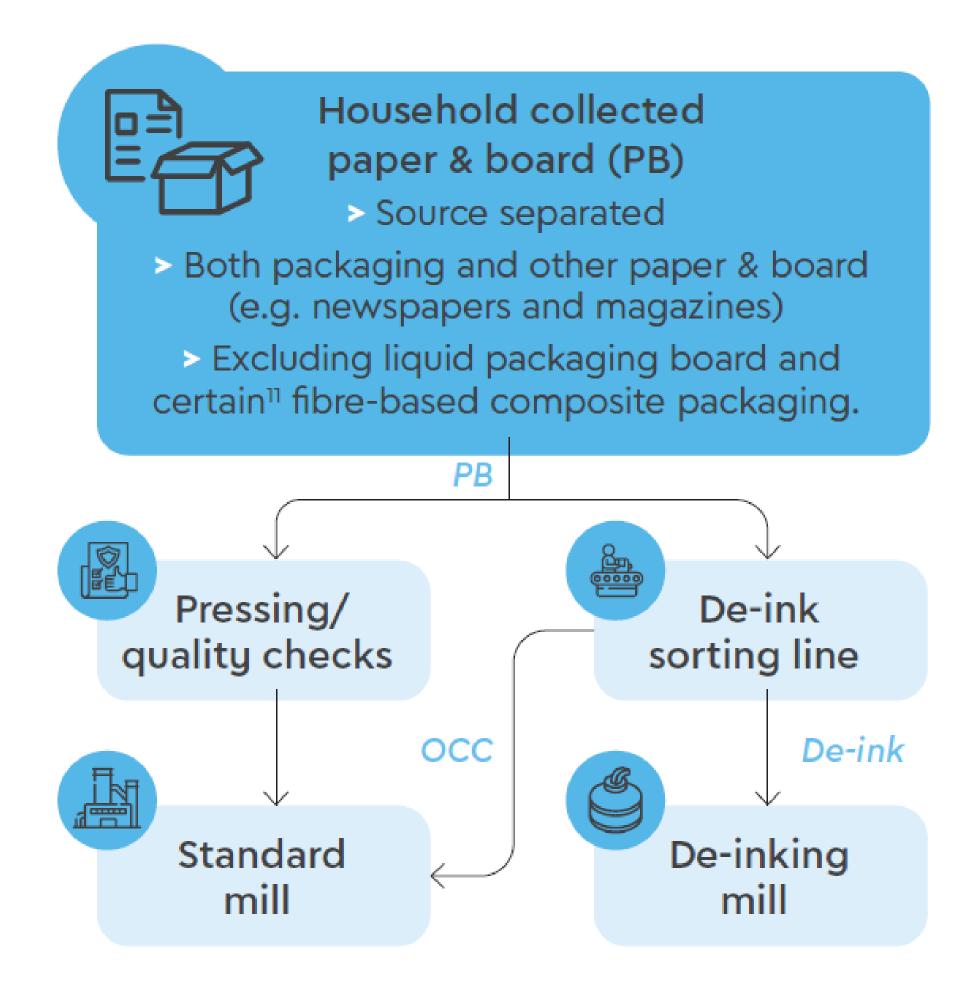
- Final destination for fibre-based packaging
- Three different types: Standard, de-inking and enhanced/specialised
- Different raw material demand; different recipes
 - 'Paper for Recycling', particularly originating from households, is a blend of different fibre-based products
 - Mind: consumption \neq recycling
- Collection and (eventual) sorting should guide different 'streams' towards the right type of mill



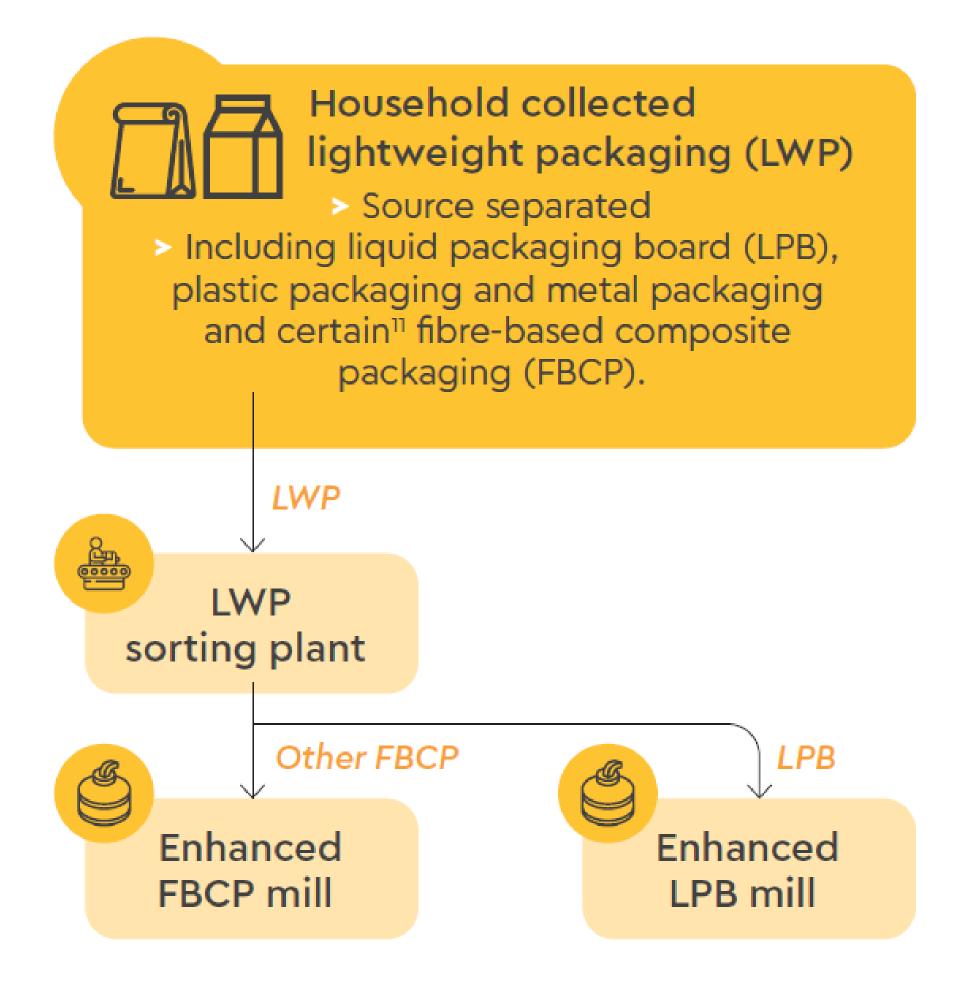




Overview









the way forward







next steps and consultation process

2

The first version of the Guideline provides 4evergreen's view on how to improve collection and sorting systems across Europe.

No external comments were envisaged for this first stage.

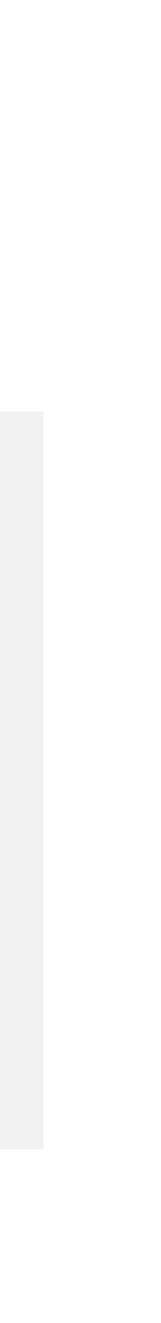
tangible set of



- A new version of the
- Guideline will be released
- in 2023 and include
- technical findings from
- the other workstreams
- resulting in a **more**
- recommendations.

The stakeholders' consultation process will be opened ahead of the new Guideline's release.

3





- WS1 Recyclability Evaluation Protocol review
- Workstream/Working Group comments and review
- Drafting of V2 Guidance



CREATED & OWNED BY 4EVERGREEN - SHARE WITH 4EVERGREEN PERMISSION ONLY



The Way Forward

Version 1 (Current):

- Chapter 1: Introduction
- Chapter 2: Fibre-based packaging recycling rate targets
- Chapter 3: Framework & Boundaries
- Chapter 4: Household Collection
- Chapter 5: Recycling Solutions
- Chapter 6: Standard Mill Route
- Chapter 7: Enhanced Mill Route
- Chapter 8: Modelling Household Route
- Chapter 9: Practical Recommendations





Version 2 update (2023):

- Chapter 1: Introduction & Framework
- Chapter 2: Standard Mill Route
- Chapter 3: Specialised Mill Route (Minor Update)
- Chapter 4: Summary Chart
- Chapter 5: Collection in Practice

Version 3 update (2024):

- Chapter 6: HORECA & on-the-go
- Impact of residual foodstuff
- Specialised Mill Route (Full update)
- Deep-dive on sorting









Maarten Delanghe Account Manager Operations Fostplus











June 2023

Securing the Paper cardboard-stream in Belgium **Presentation Fost Plus**







About Fost Plus







Our success recipe





Uniform collection

Uniform sorting

Fost Plus - 2023







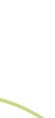
Contract management

Data flow control

Material flow control

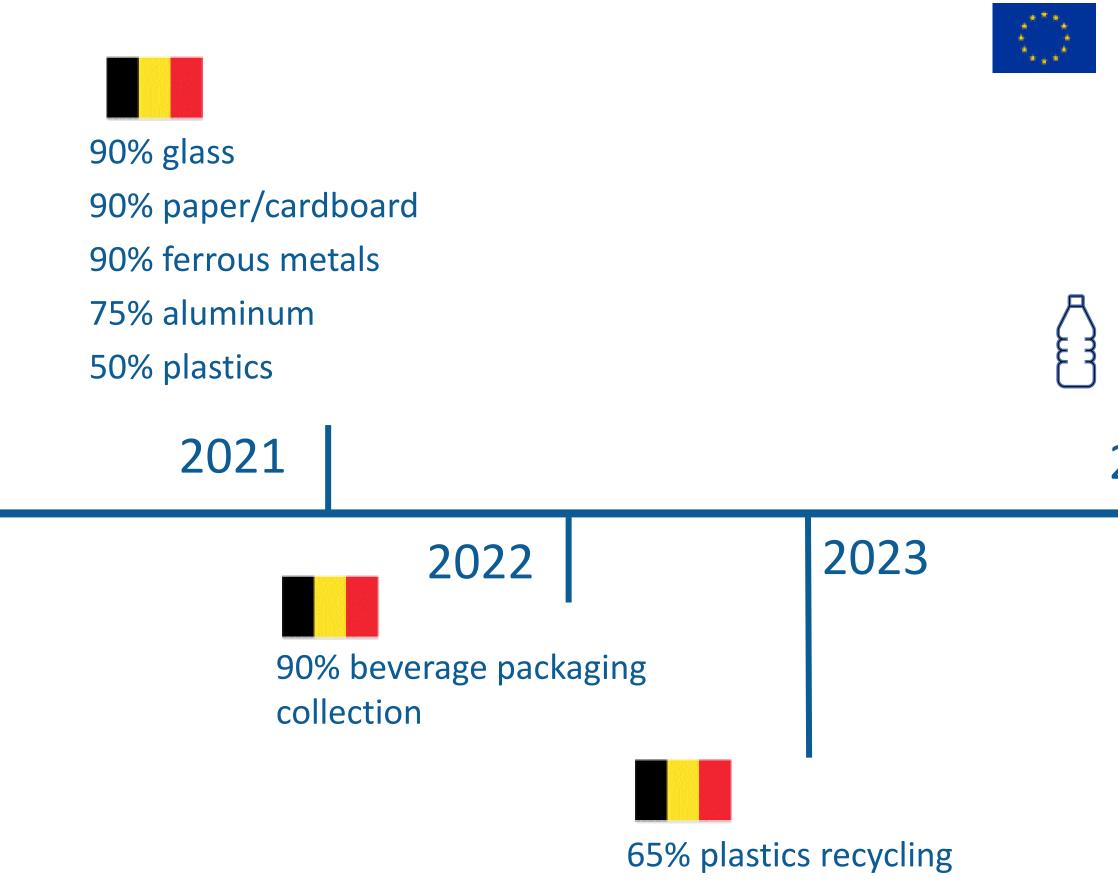








The Belgian recycling objectives surpass the European goals



 70% glass 75% paper/cardboard 70% ferrous metals 50% aluminum 50% plastics 65% household packaging 			75% glass 85% paper/cardboard 80% ferrous metals 60% aluminum 55% plastics 70% household packaging	
25% recycled material in PET bottles			30% recycled material in PET bottles	
2025				2030
95% household packaging recycling		7	0% plastics	s recycling

Green Dot: eco-modulation based on the circular deficit

- <u>The principle</u>: a strong financial incentive for companies to create packaging that is compatible with existing sorting and recycling scenarios in Belgium
- <u>A unique EPR system</u> in Europe, based on the actual costs of the recycling process
- Towards the lowest deficit in the circular economy: <u>15 € per person</u>

Revenues from the sale of sorted materials to be recycled

Green Dot rate: material and activity based through the recycling chain



Household paper-cardboard in Belgium

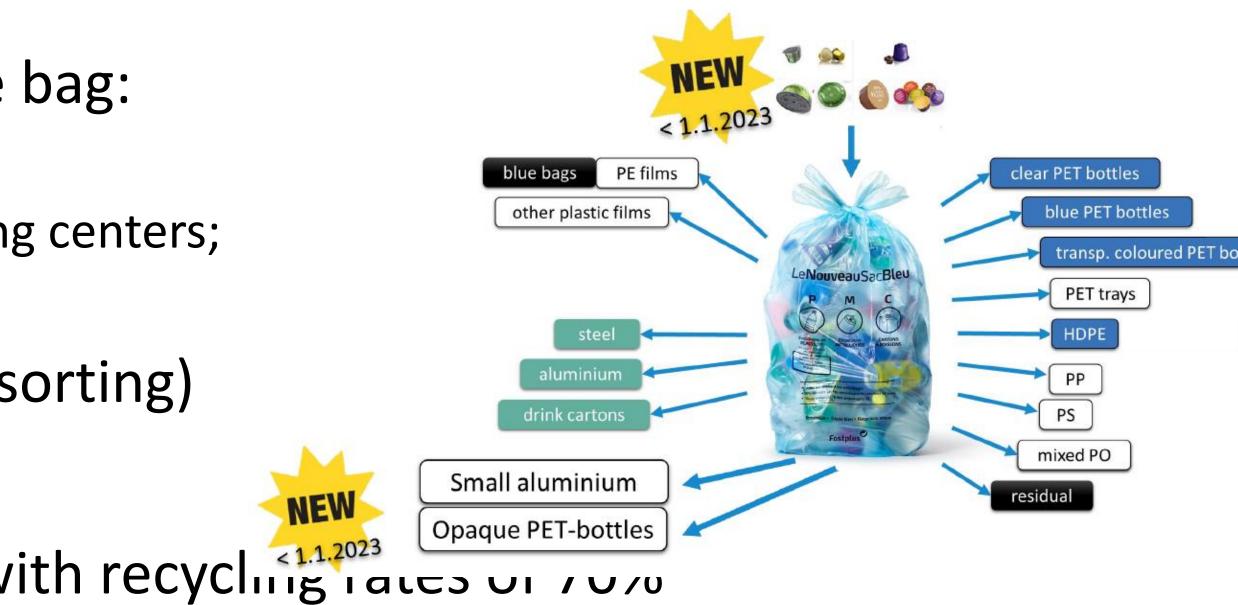






UBC's in Belgium

- Sorted in the lightweight fraction (1/16 streams)
- Base scenario for collection of the blue bag:
 - D2d 1 / 2 weeks
 - Completed with drop off points in recycling centers; ____
- Sorted in 15 high purity fractions (NIR-sorting)
- Resulting in a high qualitative stream with recycling rates or 7070
- Increasing focus on recycling of PolyAl!!





Household paper-cardboard in Belgium

- Paper & cardboard mixed collection packaging and non-packaging
- Base scenario for collection:
 - d2d 1 / 4 weeks;
 - Completed with drop off points in recycling centers;
- Current system for fiber packaging: min 85% fibers
 - Pay the green dot fee for paper-cardboard;
 - And if they' re not contaminated:
- Resulting in a high qualitative stream with recycling rates >90%



Are allowed in the paper cardboard-stream and can carry the paper-cardboard recycling logo

Changes in the household paper-cardboard stream

- Trend for replacing plastic packaging with fiber based (coated) packaging: Examples: ____
 - Frozen products;
 - Fruit & vegetables;
 - Diary products;
 - Fresh meat& fish;
 - Ready meals
 - Service packaging (on the go)
 - Impact on recyclability?

Significant changes in the paper-cardboard composition and collected volumes;





Proposal for a future approach in Belgium (under review)

- Testing by Fost Plus:
 - As from 2024 for information purposes
 - As from 2026 for declaration criteria
 - Focus on challenging packaging in function of volumes
- Development of a decision tree for packaging, eg:
 - Contact with liquid, pasty or greasy food; ____
 - Conservation in humid environment; ____
 - Avoids dehydration of food;
 - Contains a metalized surface;
 - Contains a large printed surface;

. . .

Declaration paper cardboard packaging 2027 if CEPI protocol part A-compliant



Fost Plus Olympiadenlaan 2 | avenue des Olympiades 1140 Brussel | Bruxelles

T +32 2 775 03 50 fostplus@fostplus.be





Follow us











Roberto Di Molfetta Vice Executive Director Comieco











Comieco: the Italian experience in paper packaging collection, sorting and recycling

Roberto di Molfetta

Vice executive director





Comieco is one of the 7 PROs complying with PPWD and operating with CONAI, the EPR National Packaging Consortium



42 www.comieco.org

Consorzio Nazionale Recupero e Riciclo degli Imballaggi a base Cellulosica

Conai system has reached the EU packaging recycling target and is one of the most cost effective organization in Europe.

In 25 years:

- 74 million tons of packaging waste recovered not in disposals
- **150 million** tons of CO2 saved;
- 7,4 billion euro to municipalities;
- 4 billion euro to recycling plants

In 2021, 10,5 million tons of packaging recycled **73,3%** of the Italian consumption. Paper packaging was the **42%**









About COMIECO

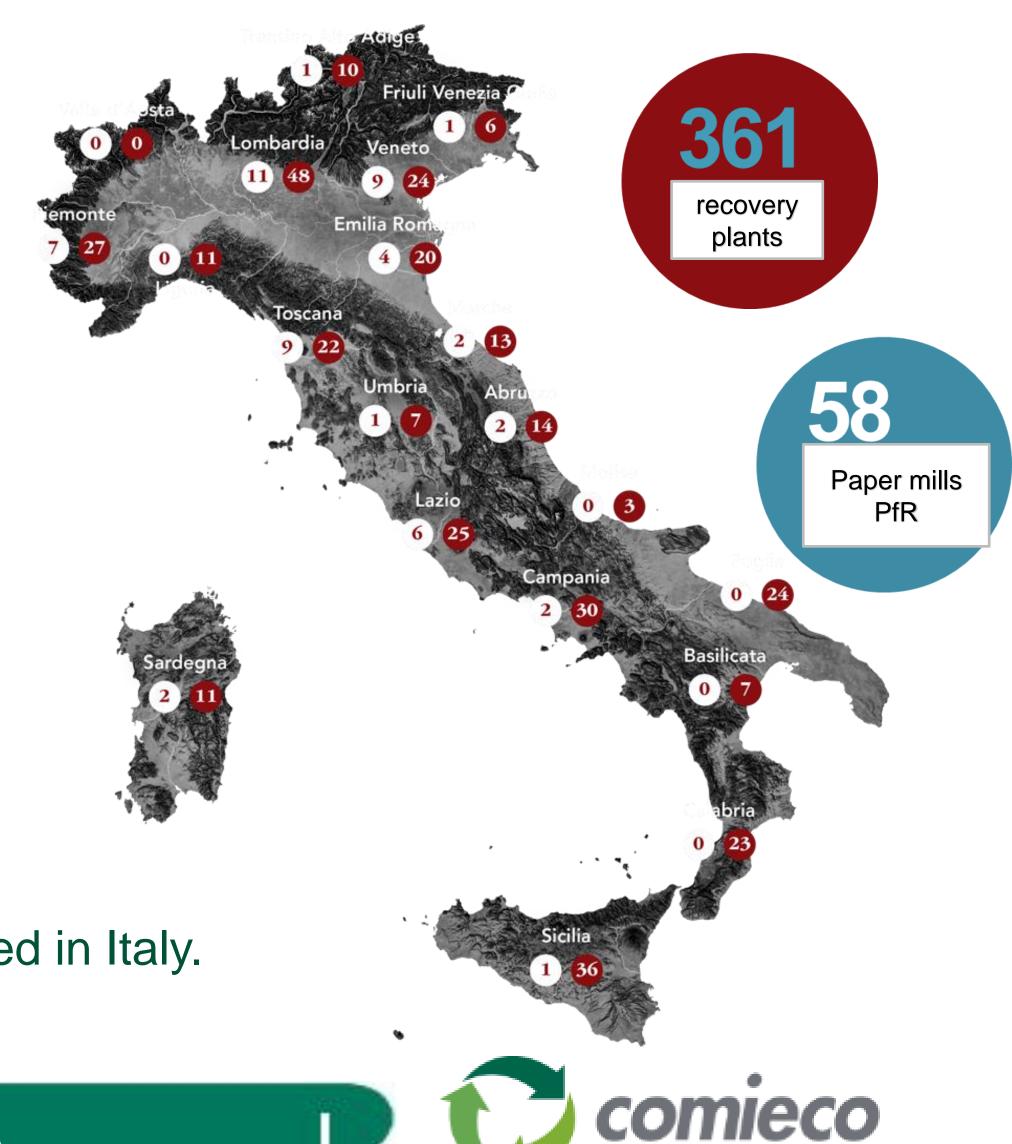
Comieco represents about 3,200 companies operating in the paper and board packaging production supply chain:

- **150 producers** and importers of raw materials
- **2,887 processors** and importers of empty packaging
- **158 recoverers**

The paper and board resulting from municipal collection is provided to 361 waste processing plants, which process and improve the material for subsequent transfer to paper mills. Recycling was ensured by **54** paper mills, plus **40** recovery companies by auctions.

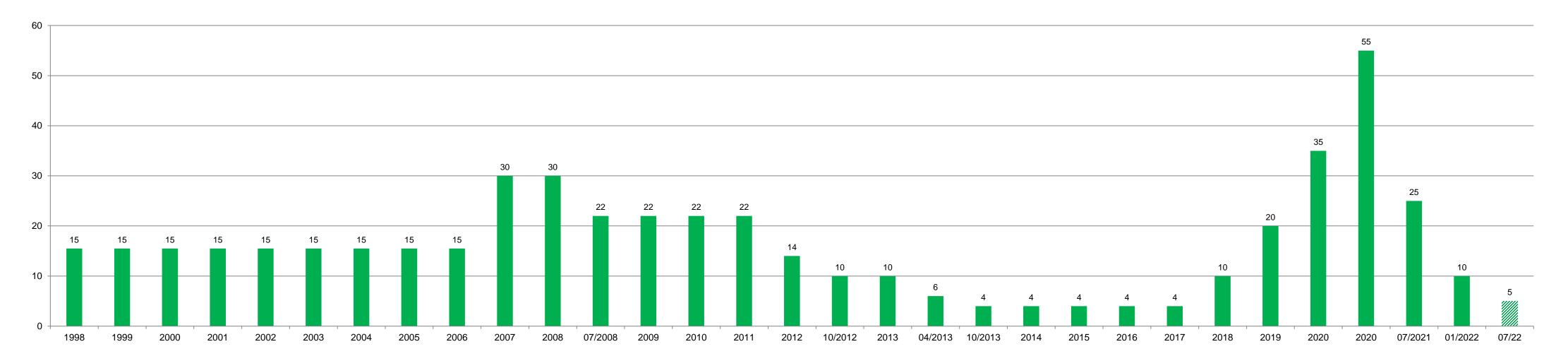
More than **95% of the material** managed by Comieco is recycled in Italy.

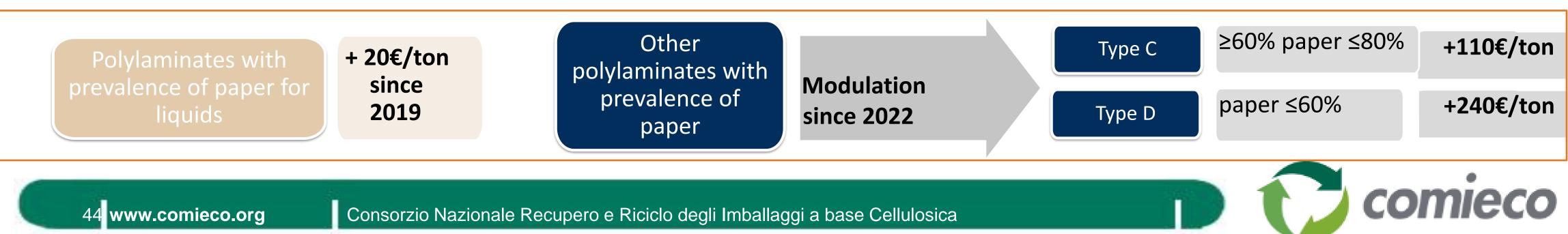




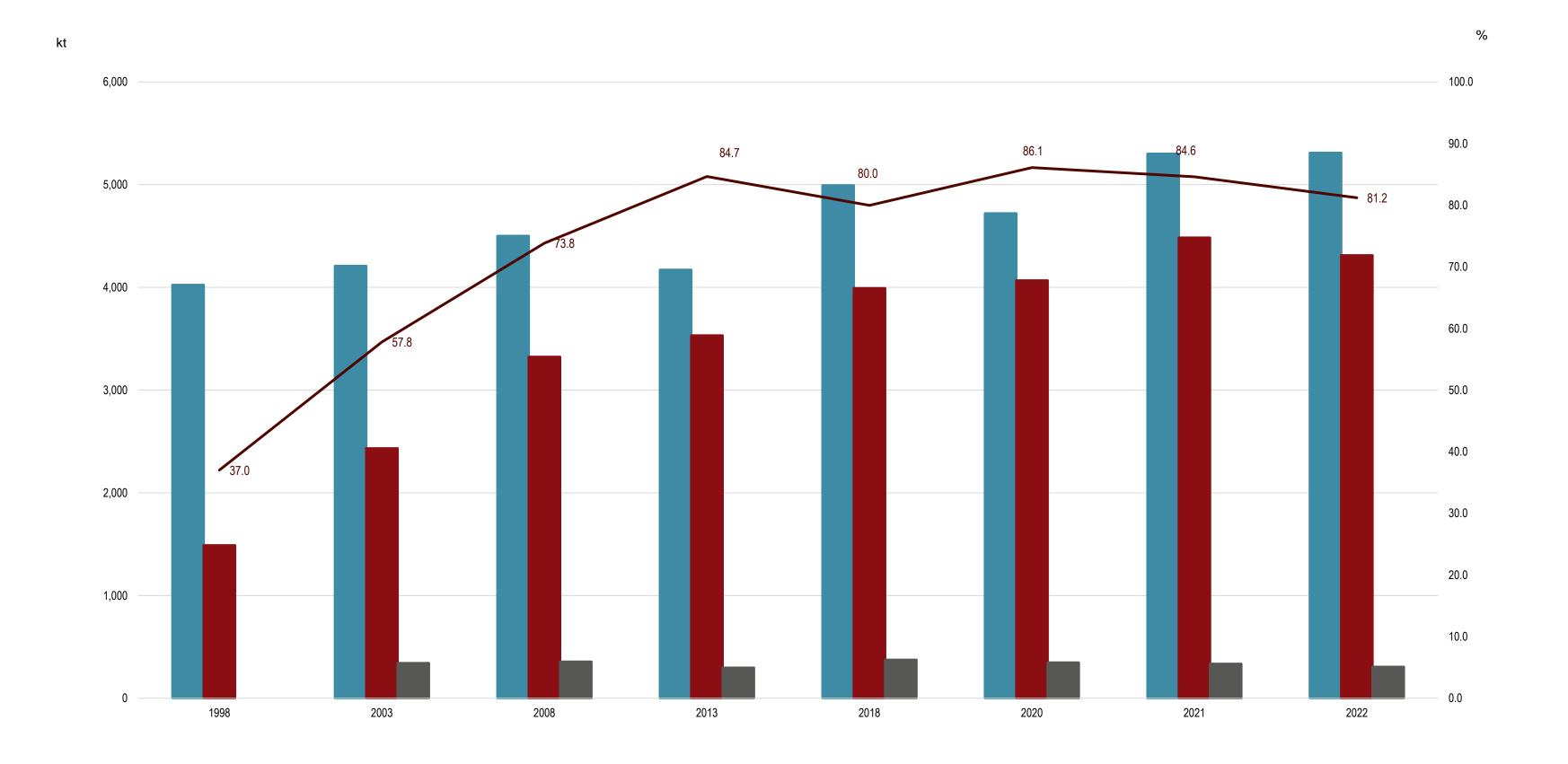
EPR fee: a cost-effective system

Upon the implementation of the system in 1998, the fee for paper packaging amounted to **15** EUR per tonnes. It declined in time and stayed at 4 EUR for many years, then increased to 20 EUR in 2019 and to 55 EUR in 2020, and finally fell to 5 EUR in 2022. A modulated fee is applied to composite packaging





Paper and board packaging recycling: EU target achieved



PPARENT PAPER AND BOARD PACKAGING CONSUMPTION (KT) TOTAL WASTE PAPER AND BOARD PACKAGING FOR RECYCLING (KT)

RECYCLING RATE (%)

45 www.comieco.org

Consorzio Nazionale Recupero e Riciclo degli Imballaggi a base Cellulosica

The different collection flows (municipal-commercial) and the increasing paper for recycling utilisation align Italy to EU targets of packaging recycling.

All different paper packaging categories (corrugated, cardboard, bag and sack, composite) contribute and benefit of the target achievement.

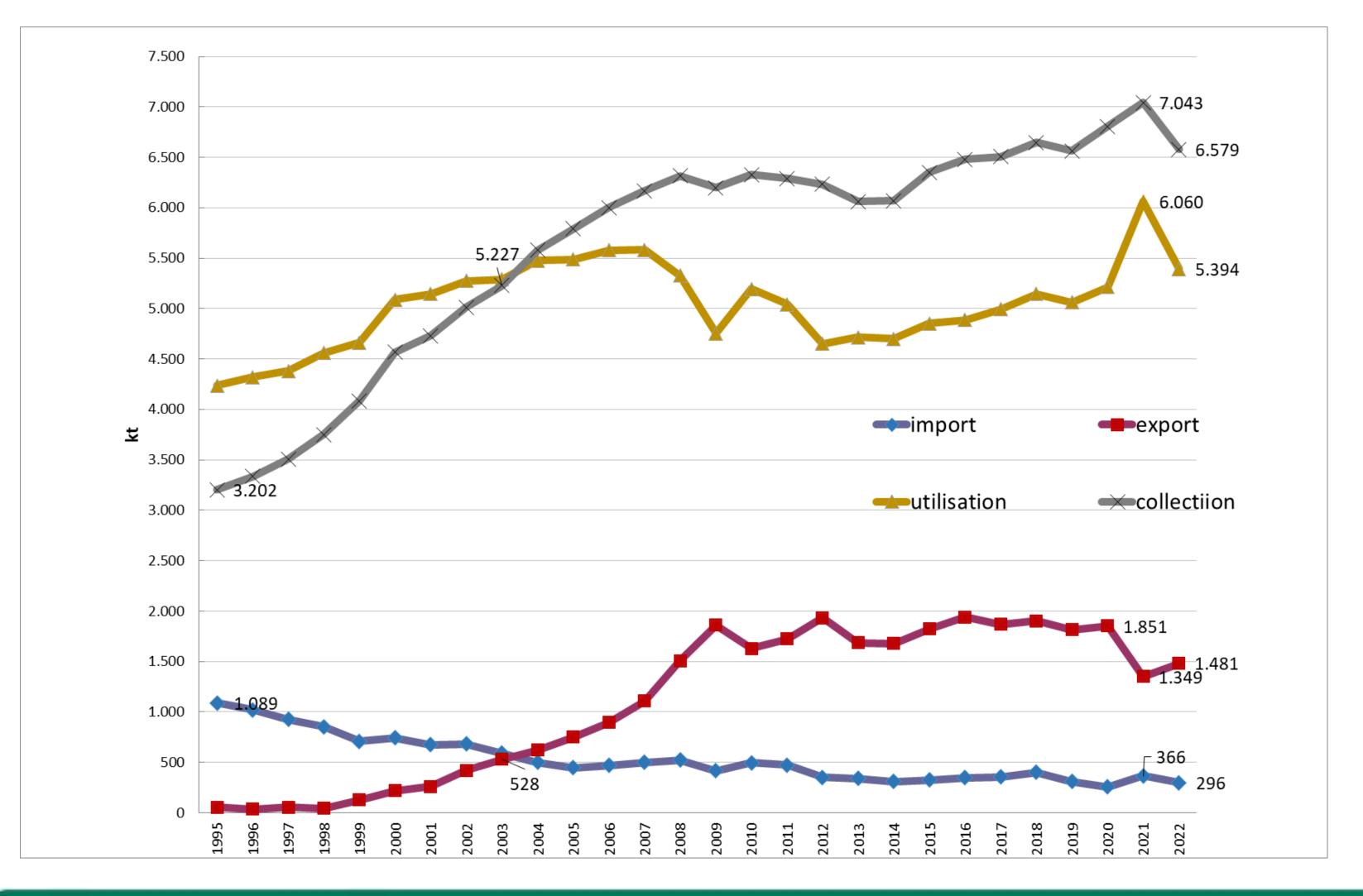
One of the challenges in the new PPWR scenario is to guarantee recycling at scale for all paper packaging in every way of consumption.





comieco

The collection has more than doubled in 25 years. Italy changes its role from an importer to an exporter of paper for recycling



Consorzio Nazionale Recupero e Riciclo degli Imballaggi a base Cellulosica







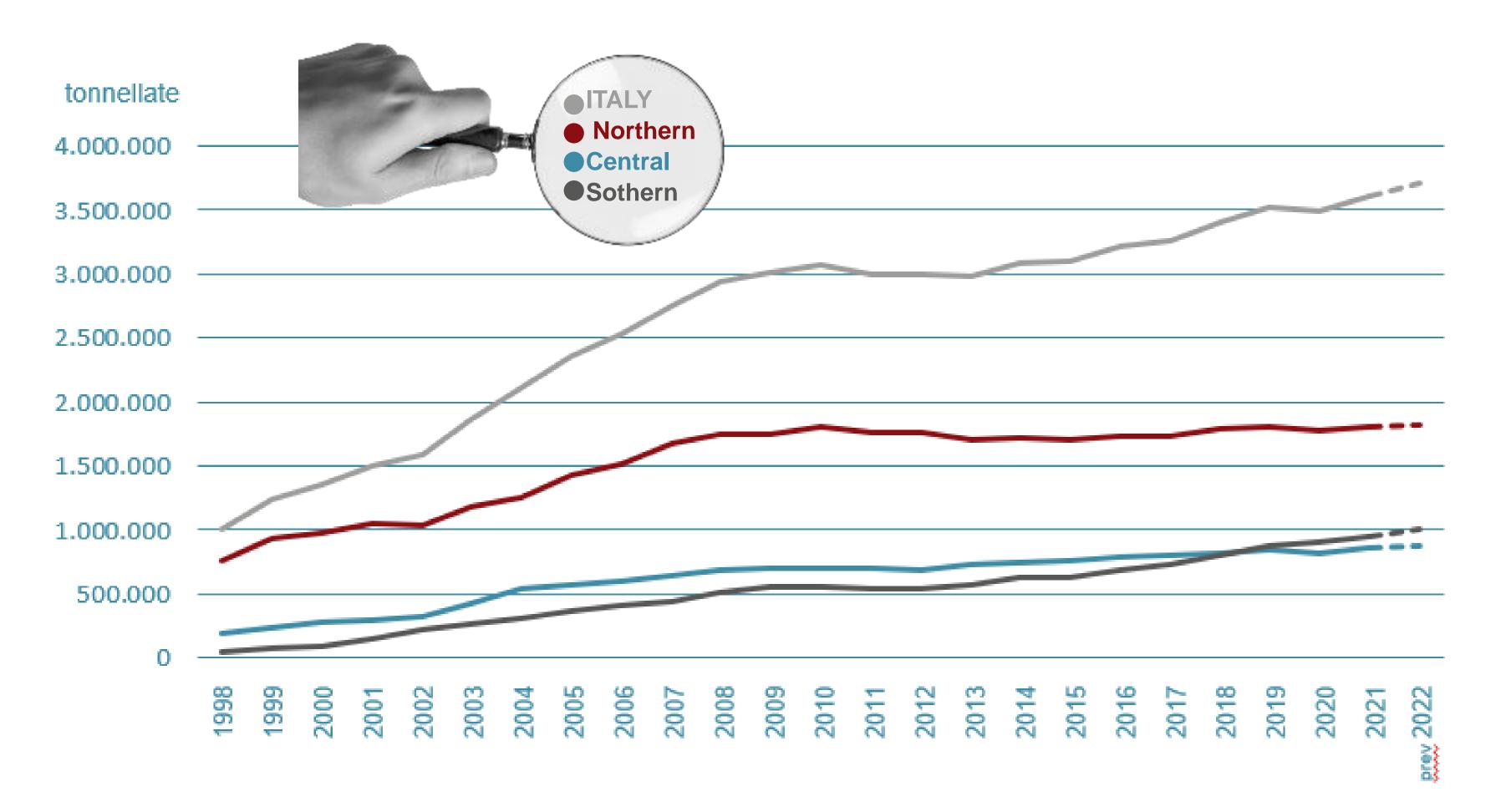
Collection of packaging waste shared responsability

- Local authorities are committed to guarantee separate collection for materials and packaging waste and they are in charge of establishing collection rules, and reaching mandatory collection target (65%).
- In a shared responsibility system for collection and recycling of packaging waste, a national agreement between Conai, and **local municipalities** establishes how Comieco receives the product of collection (paper and paper packaging waste) to guarantee the recycling.
- Comieco managed also graphic paper in the mixed paper collection, if municipalities agreed.
- The involvement and cooperation with local authorities and companies managing waste collection and sorting schemes is fundamental to reach ambitious recycling targets.





Municipal paper and board collection has grown from 1 to 3.7 million tons



48 www.comieco.org

Consorzio Nazionale Recupero e Riciclo degli Imballaggi a base Cellulosica

In 2022, Comieco received by municipalities about **2** Million tonnes of paper and paper packaging (55% of total households collection) paying about 183 Million EUR

In 2023, 2,4 million tonnes are expected

A total of **40** tonnes of collection and 2.3 billion EUR since 1998

comieco





Quality of collection and sorting, the main priority

- collection systems and on territorial factors.
- areas of treatment plants, equipped with NIR-VIS or AI robotic detectors.
- to mandatory rules (DM 188/2020).
- downstream paper mills, products fitted for their needs.
- paper for recling managed.

In 2022 municipal paper waste collection in Italy had an average contaminants of 2,60% of the weight, with a wide range of variation all over the nation (from almost 0% to almost 15%), depending on

The average amount of beverage cartons in waste paper is very low (0,8% of the weight). Higher percentage has been reached, through specific Comieco communication campaigns, mainly in upstream

Regardless of the contaminants in the collection, waste treatment plants deliver to paper mills **End of** Waste, Paper for Recycling (PfR) (contaminants lower than 1,5% in weight as Uni En 643), also thanks

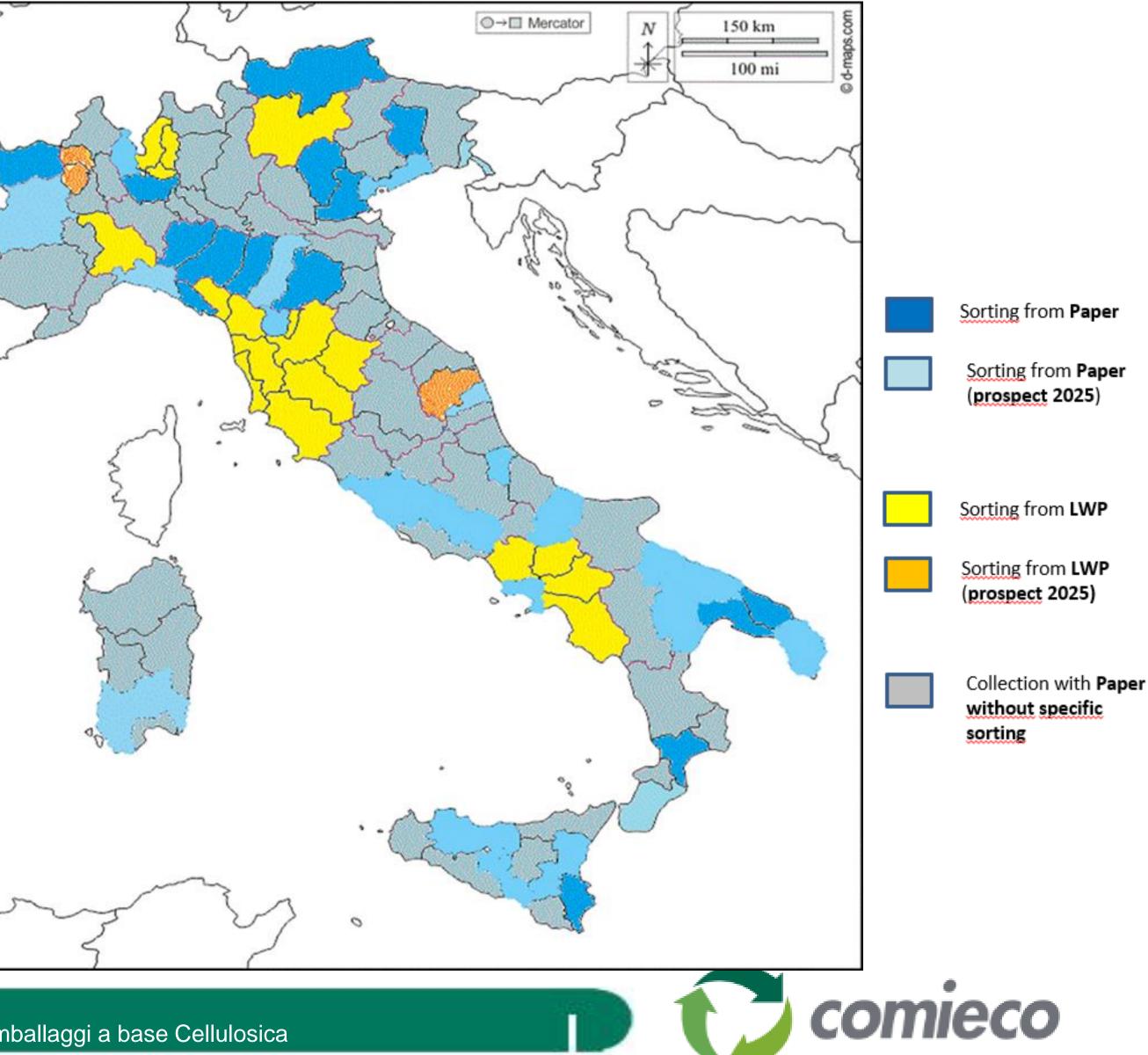
Treatment plants, according to demand, are actually able to sort the municipal collection to different categories descending from UNI 643:2014, (e.g. 1.02.00,1.04.01,1.11.00,5.03.00, etc) and to deliver, to

The quality of downstream products is certified by the plant manager, according to DM 188/2020, on the basis of ISO 9001 certified procedures. Comieco makes over the 2.000 analysis on the collection and

comieco

Collection and sorting of BC and paper composite packaging in Italy

- In most municipalities beverage cartons and all paper packaging are collected in the mixed paper stream
- Comieco supports sorting plants to adopt NIR and Al robot to separate beverage cartons and, in the next future, of the other composite packaging.
- Beverage cartons are also collected in lightweight packaging collection where a sorting plant is available and the local authorities decide to adopt this kind of collection (in some regions plastic packaging is collected alone).
- Comieco promotes selective collection of BC in waste collection platform and by reverse vending machine.



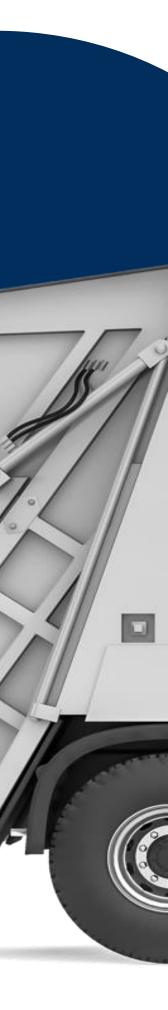
Collection targets

Our main collection targets are:

- to reduce the quantity **collection gap** between northertn Italy and the other regions and to reduce contaminants.
- to increase the recycling of **beverage cartons** in specialized paper mills (Cartiere Saci and Lucart + 2 plastic recycling companies) and - as soon as possible - of other fibre-based composite.
- to improve the separate collection of **food packaging** in the informal eating-out sector (McDonald's) and other specific streams not recovered by the market (e.g. sacks from the building sector).







Attention points

- In Italy the choice of adopting a unique paper household collection stream for packaging and graphic paper and a selective collection for small retailers has most efficient PRO system in the EU.
- The Aticelca recyclability certification (based on UNI 11743 lab test which is coherent higher evaluation rates (A and B rating), despite the fact that also packaging with lower paper content (60%-80%) could be certified as recyclable.
- paper for recycling and can guarantee a higher separation rate of beverage cartons and recycled in specialized mills, where not collected with lightweight packaging.

improved municipal collection and minimized costs, contributing to create one of the

with CEPI 2 method), anyway has developed an evaluation scheme that, being referred to a unique paper recycling process, has pushed converters towards innovation in order to reach

Sorting capacity and new sorting technologies are the key to increase the quality of the composite packaging (thanks also to the resources coming from the CAC modulation) to be











Linda Bockmühl Project Manager Business Development Veolia Germany









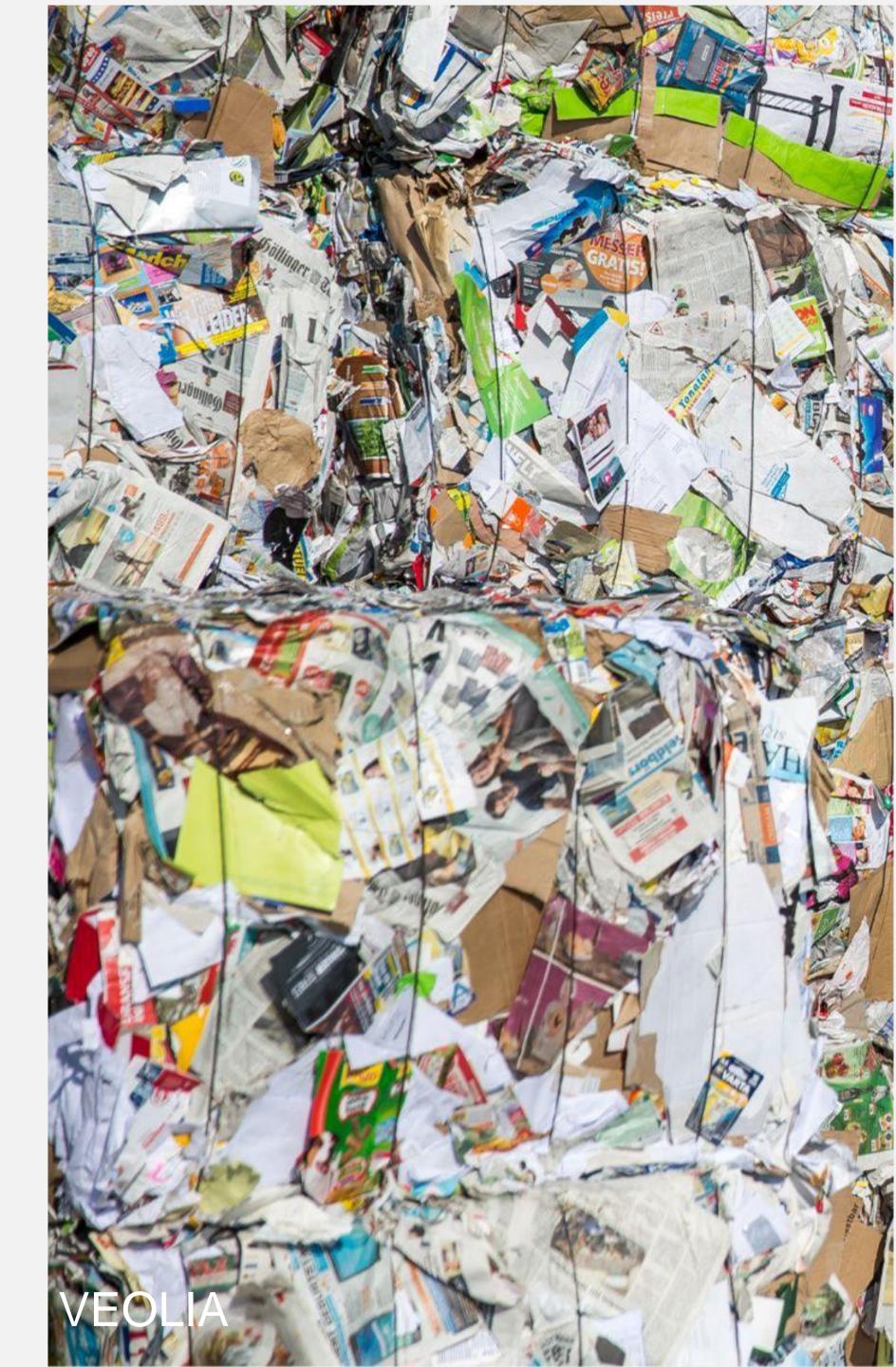
Recovered Paper in Germany from the perspective of Veolia Germany

presentation at 4evergreen online roundtable June 22, 2023





- **1. Introduction Veolia Umweltservice**
- 2. Recovered paper market in Germany
- 3. German paper packaging
- 4. Paper and Board from LWP
- 5. Outlook



1. Introduction Veolia Umweltservice Circular economy is what we do

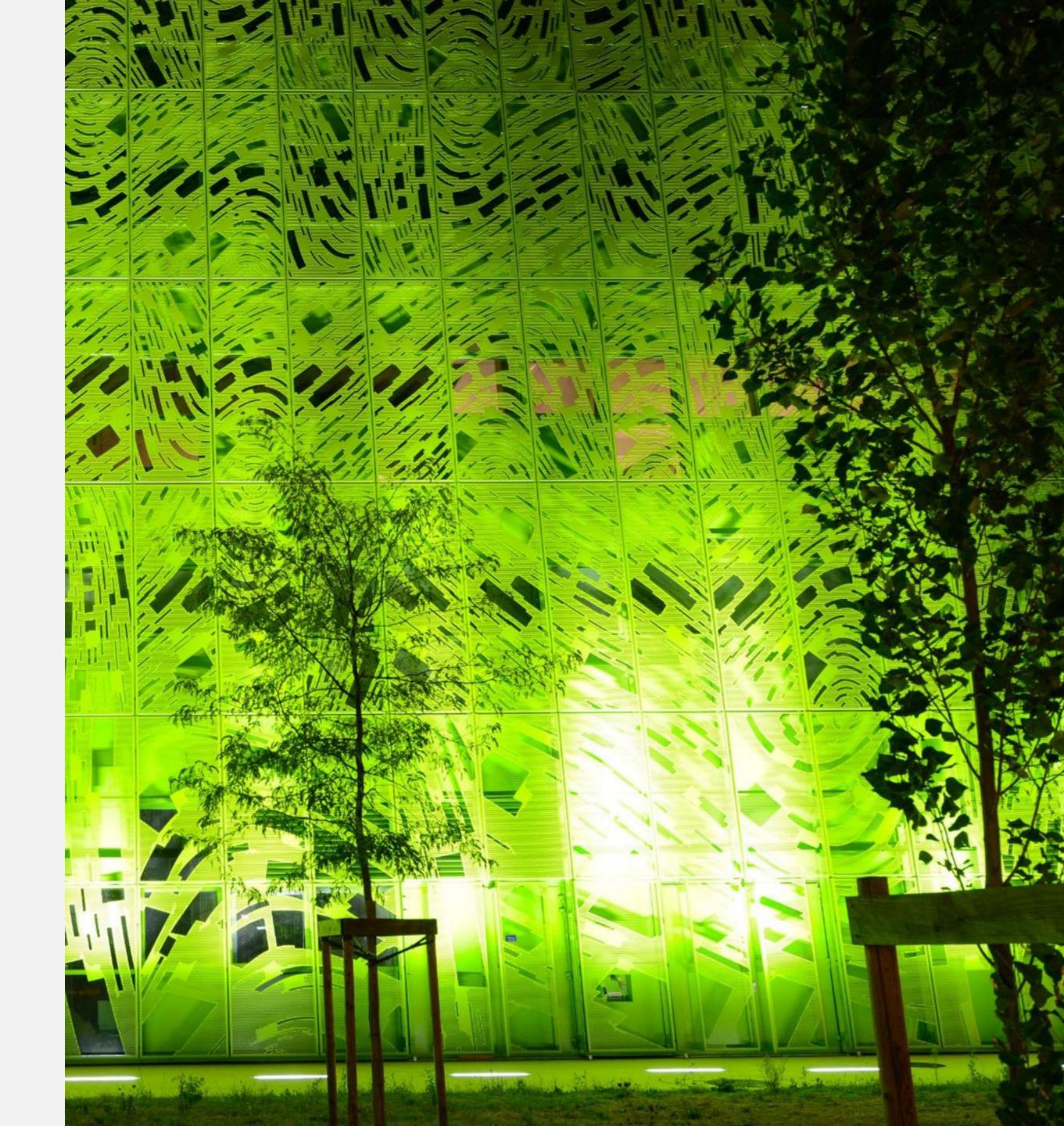




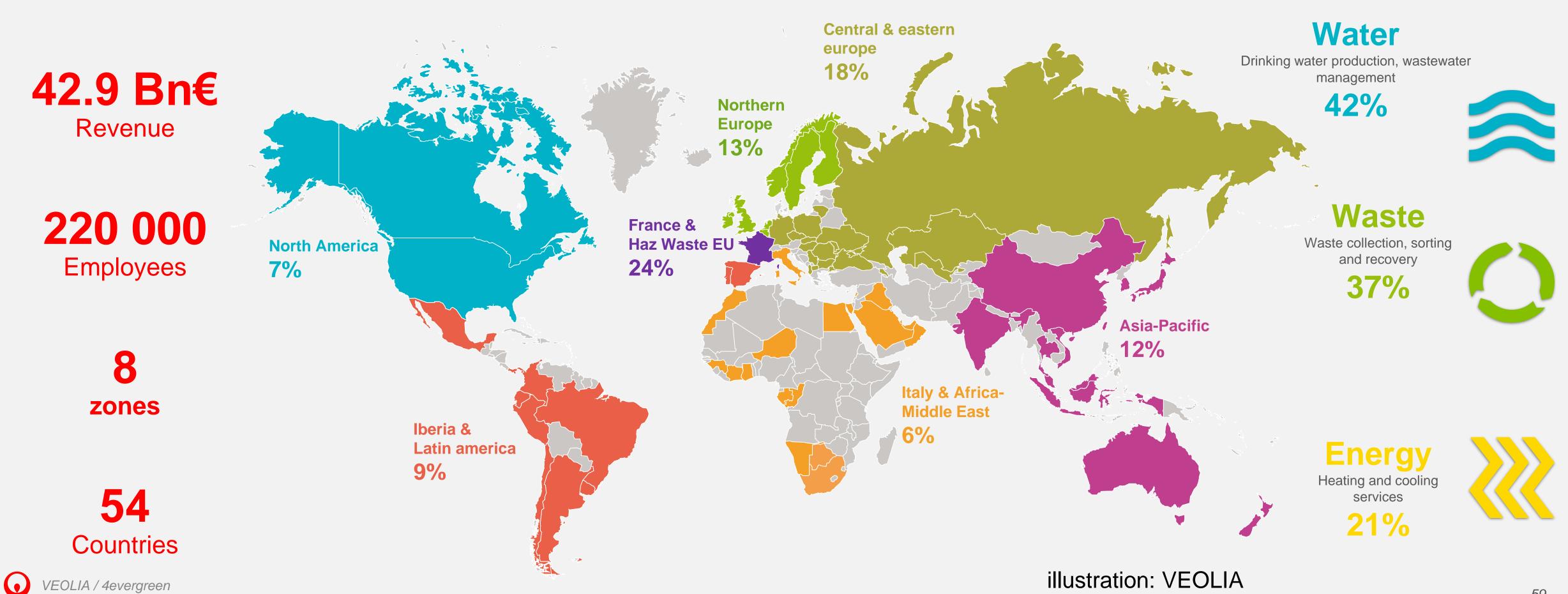


Our mission: "RESOURCING THE WORLD"

- . Improving access to resources
- Preserving resources
- . **Replenishing resources**



Our Veolia network spans 5 continents with a focus on Europe





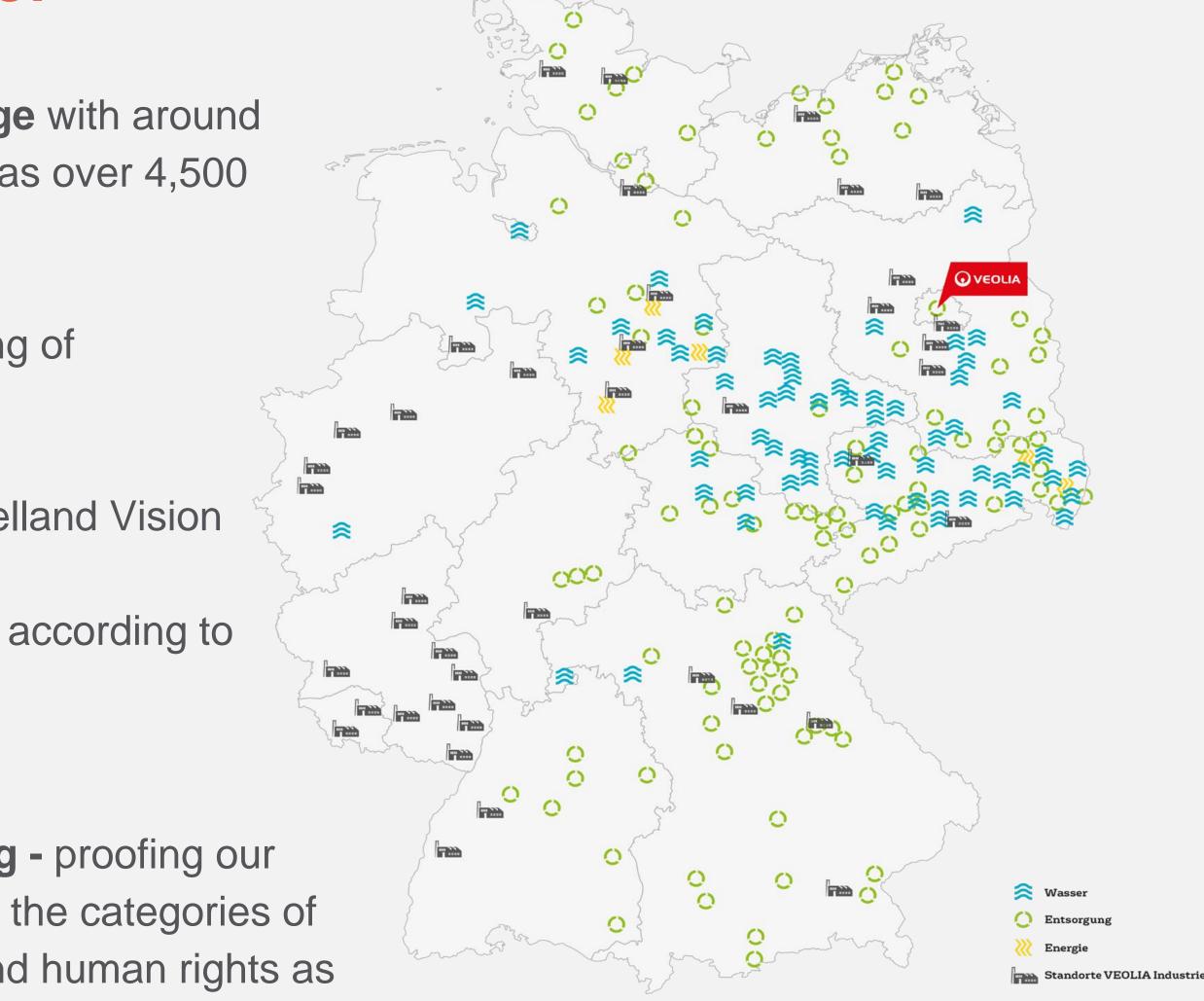


Waste activities in Germany: Veolia Umweltservice Circular economy is our driver

- **Regional strength and nationwide coverage** with around 200 Veolia sites, 70 treatment plants as well as over 4,500 partner operating sites
- Collection, transport, sorting, recycling, trading of secondary raw materials
- . Licencing of packaging with Dual System Belland Vision
- Fulfilling **quality standards and processes** according to internal Veolia guidelines

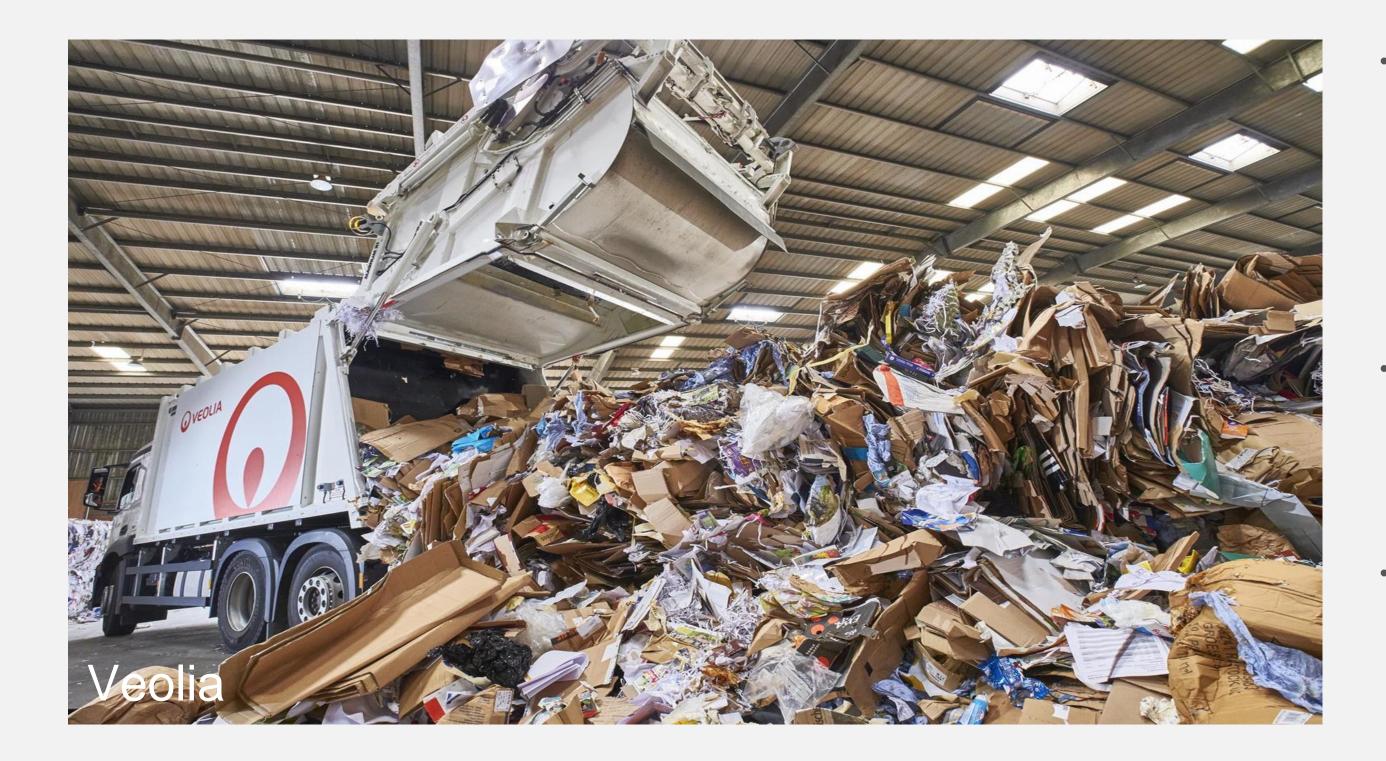


Ecovadis Platinum Ranking - proofing our sustainability performance in the categories of environment, ethics, labor and human rights as well as sustainable procurement.

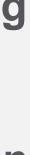




Veolia Umweltservice Paper activities

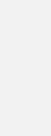


- Veolia operates seven waste paper sorting facilities in Germany.
- We collect, sort and market over 1.5 million tons of recovered paper annually, thereby being one of the leading suppliers of raw materials for the paper industry
- Paper is **sourced** from households, municipalities and from commerce and industry
- Our central trading unit Veolia Umweltservice Wertstoffmanagement GmbH acts as a link between the Veolia regions and the end-customer, thereby coordinates the material flow to paper mills.













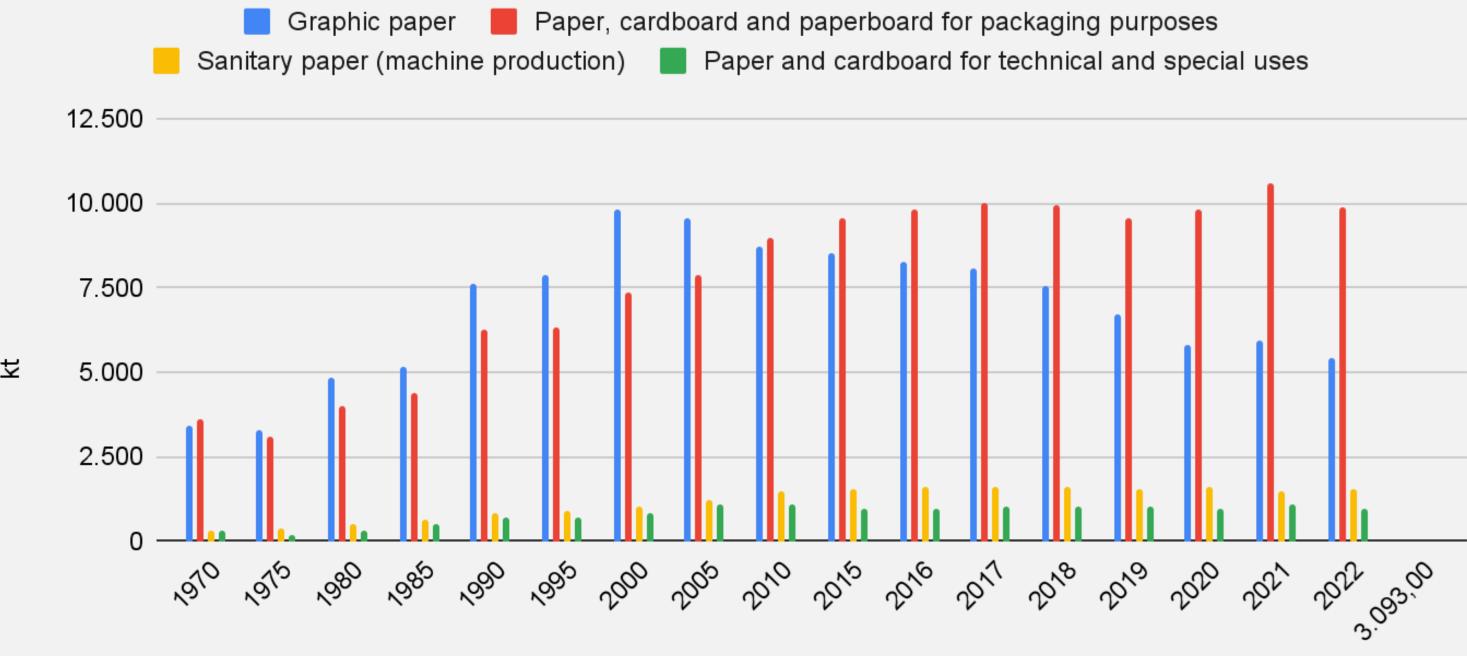
2. Recovered paper market in Germany





Recovered paper market in Germany Development overview

Paper consumption in Germany by main categories (consumption=production+import-export) (source: DIE PAPIERINDUSTRIE 2023)



•

•

•

•

In Germany the **importance of** recovered paper (RCP) as a raw material was recognised already years ago.

The German paper industry- No. 1 in Europe and No. 4 worldwide-, needs **RCP** as raw material.

In total, **17 mio. tonnes of RCP were** used in 2022. (source: DIE PAPIERINDUSTRIE 2023)

The paper industry in Germany has increasingly shifted its **production from** graphic papers to packaging papers and boards (see graph)



Recovered paper market in Germany Development overview



Due to this shift to packaging production, prior sorting

(to EN 643 grades 1.02 - Mixed papers and board (sorted), 1.04 - OCC / Supermarket corrugated paper and board and 1. 11- Sorted graphic paper for deinking)

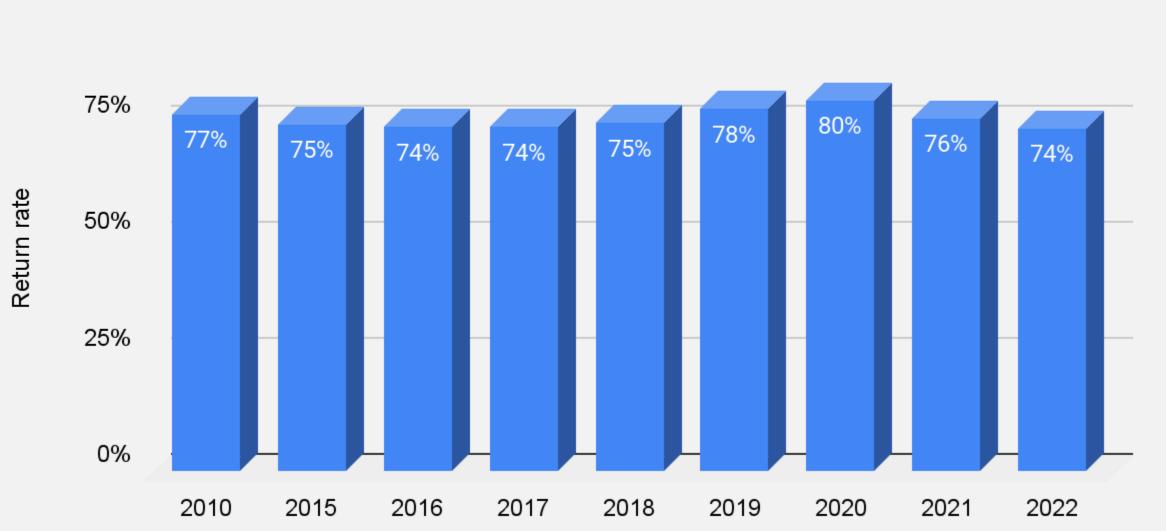
has been more and more replaced by direct transport to paper mills

(municipal: 1.01 Mixed paper and board; C&I: mainly 1.04)



Recovered paper market in Germany Development overview

Return rate (waste paper volume as % of paper and cardboard, consumption) (Source: DIE PAPIERINDUSTRIE 2022/2023)



100%



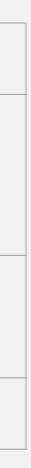
2022

Paper:calculated consumption volume (production+import-export)	17.9 mio. t*
RCP collected volume	13.2 mio. t*
Gap	4.7 mio. t

*) data from DIE PAPIERINDUSTRIE 2023











Recovered paper in Germany Which bin for used paper? Federal Environmental Agency:

Recovered paper

- **Newspapers/magazines/** brochures/books
- Paper school supplies
- Papers, cartons and cardboards from offices and administration
- Gift wrapping paper and cardboard
- Mono-packaging made of paper, cardboard and carton ("95/5 rule")
- Egg cartons
- Papers with adhesive applications, <u>only if they</u> are marked with the Blue Angel.app packaging)



Lightweight packaging

- Paper packaging compositese.g. beverage cartons
- Packaging made of wax, kerosene, bitumen and oiled paper/boards
- Wet-strength and/or greaseproof impregnated packaging paper and cardboard such as coffee-to-go cups, burger wrappers
- Soiled, residue-emptied paper packaging -Pizza cardboard with food adhesions or cardboard trays for oven dishes such as lasagna or fish
- Packaging papers with adhesive applications that do not separate easily Packaging with plastic coatings or films (lacquer, glacé and chromo paper and cardboard packaging)

Residual waste bin

- Thermal paper sales slips, tickets
- Carbonless paper
- Wallpaper
- Non-packaging made of wax, kerosene, bitumen and oiled paper or cardboard
- Non-packaging made of **wet-strength and/or** greaseproof impregnated and/or glued paper and cardboard - Posters, baking paper, muffin tins, drinking straws; paper hygiene articles such as handkerchiefs
- Varnish, glacé and chromo papers and boards produced with plastic varnishes or films (non-packaging)

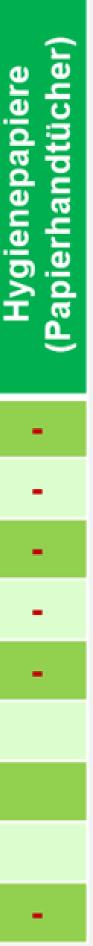


Recovered paper in Germany What belongs in the blue bin according to Google!

	Zeitungen	Magazine	Handzettel/ Flyer	Kataloge	Schulhefte/ -blöcke	Karton- & Papierverpackung	Wellpappe/ Schachteln	Geschenkpapier	Verpackungspapier	Eier-Kartons	Umschläge	Bücher	Verbundmaterial (>5%)	Flüssigkeitskarton	Tiefkühlverpackungen	Tapeten/ Baumaterial	Gewachstes & Metallisiertes Papier	Thermopapier (Kassenzettel)	Selbstdurchschreibe- papier	Post-it, selbstklebend	Photpapiere	Hygienepapiere	Nassetiketten & Etikettenrückseiten	Hvoienepapiere
Umweltbundesamt (D)	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+		+	-	-		-	-			-		-		
Bild.de	+	+				+	+		+		+					-						-		
T-online.de	+	+		±		+	+		+		+		-	-		-						-		
Veolia.de	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-					-		
ALBA.info	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		-		-					-	-		
REMONDIS.de	+	+			+	+	+	+	+			+	-	-			-	-	-					
ZAK Kempten	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+												
Stadt Ingolstadt	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
Stadt Augsburg	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-					÷		

Consumer does not receive clear instructions!

source: LEIPA



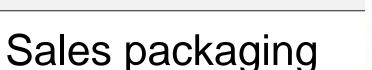


3. German paper packaging





Packaging paper in Germany EPR for packaging producers



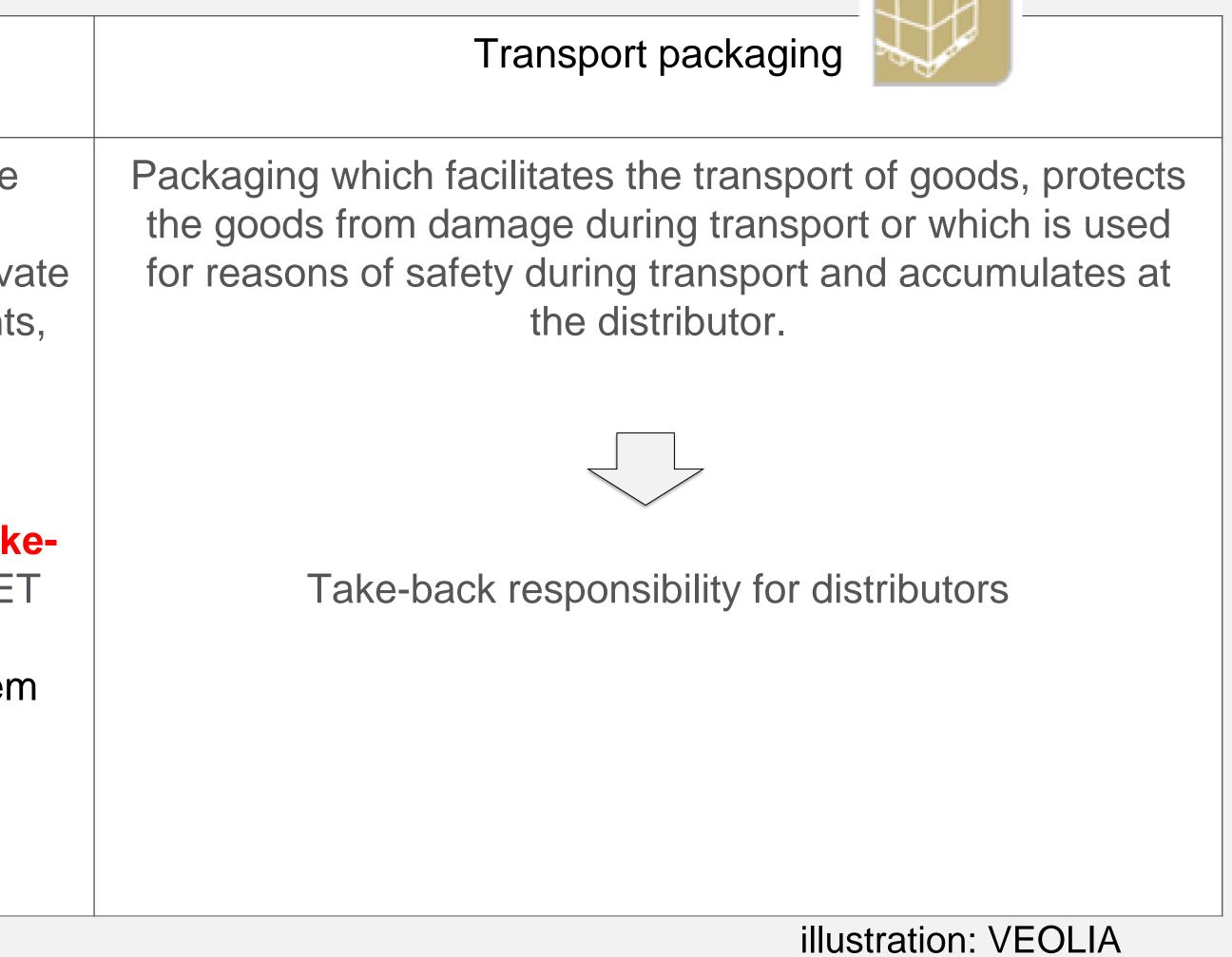


Packaging (including outer packaging and service) packaging) that is offered as a sales unit and is **disposed of as waste by the end consumer** = private households or comparable sources (e.g. restaurants, hotels, hospitals, holiday resorts..)

Obligatory participation in the Dual Systems' takeback scheme for sales packaging (except for PET bottles & cans = deposit system) => sales packaging is licenced by one Dual System => 3 waste streams:

. Glass . Paper Light waste packaging (,,LWP")







Packaging paper in Germany Recovery quotas on packaging volumes according to law

Sales packaging	
Packaging material-licenced volumes	Quota as of 2022 (VerpackG)
Paper	9(
Beverage composite	80
Other composite	70

	Transport packaging
9%	European legal recycling targets of the directive 94/62/E for paper and cardboard packaging waste generate Today: 60 % 2025: 75 % 2030: 85 %

illustration: VEOLIA





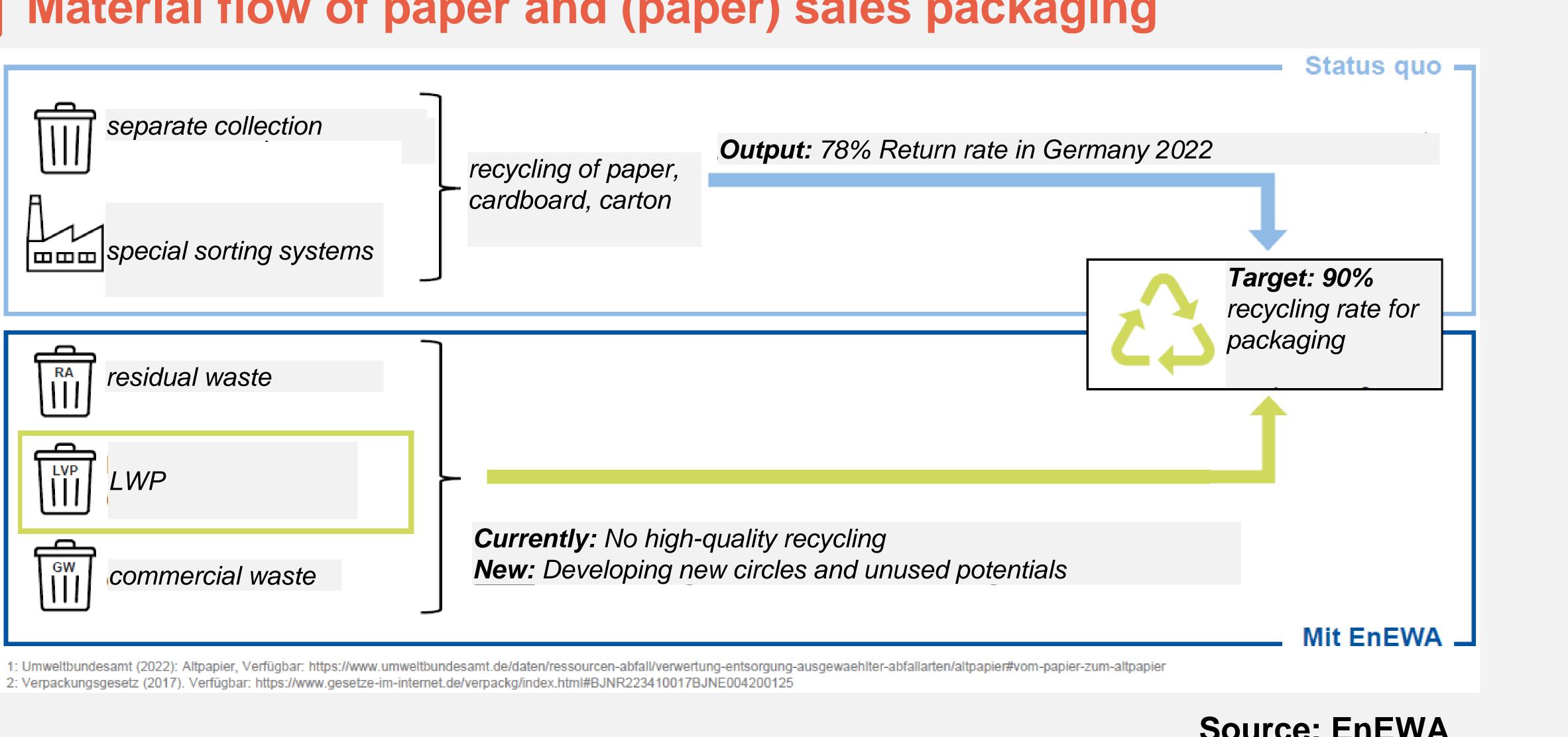
Packaging paper in Germany Material flow



illustration: VEOLIA



Packaging paper in Germany Material flow of paper and (paper) sales packaging



Source: EnEWA

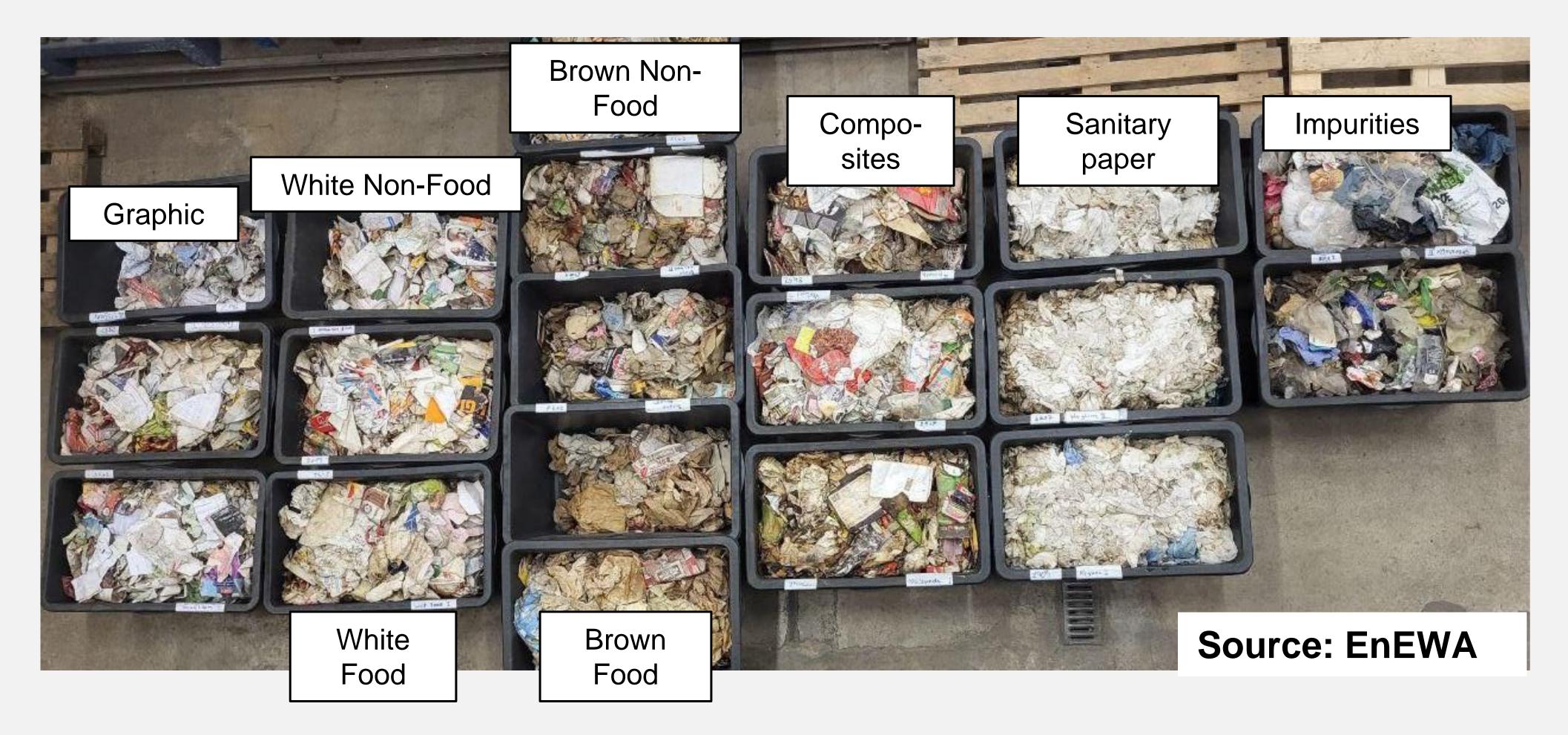
72



4. Paper and Board from LWP

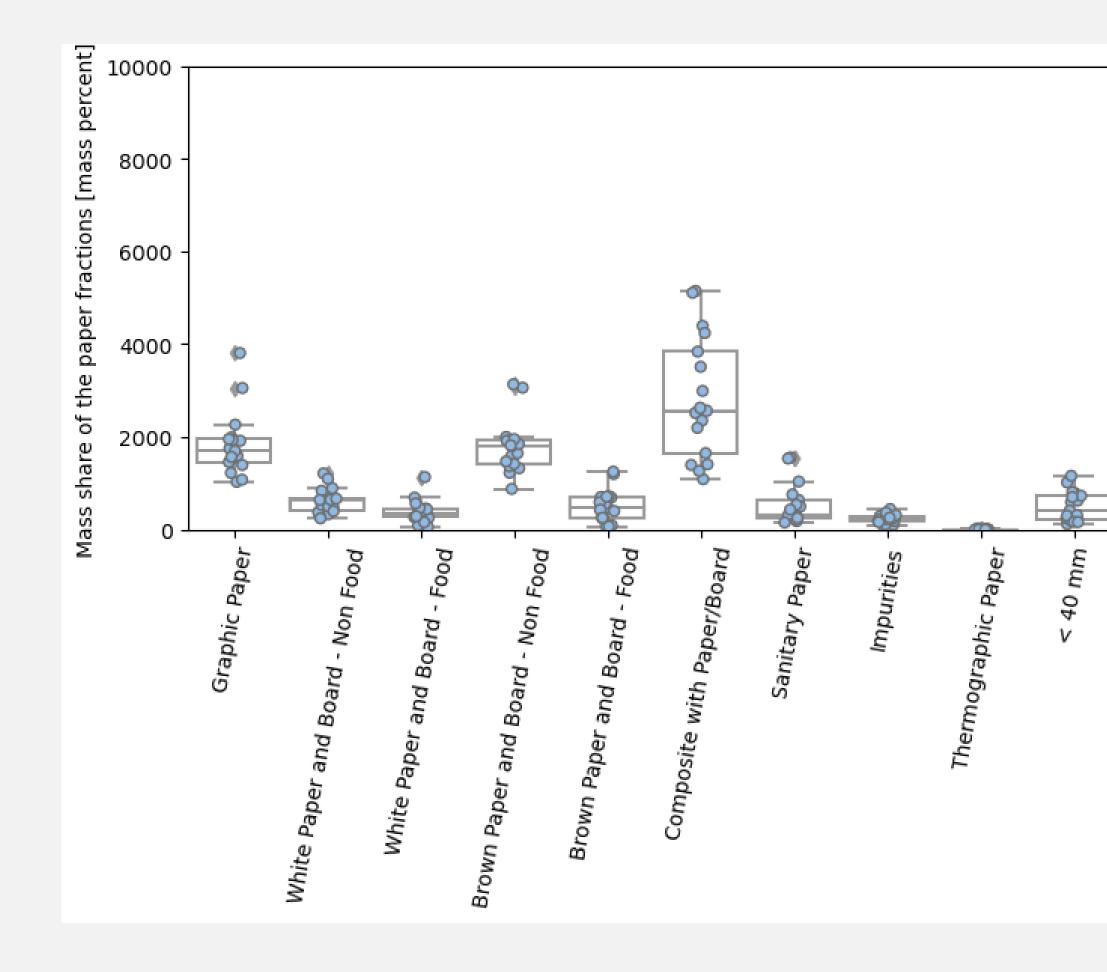


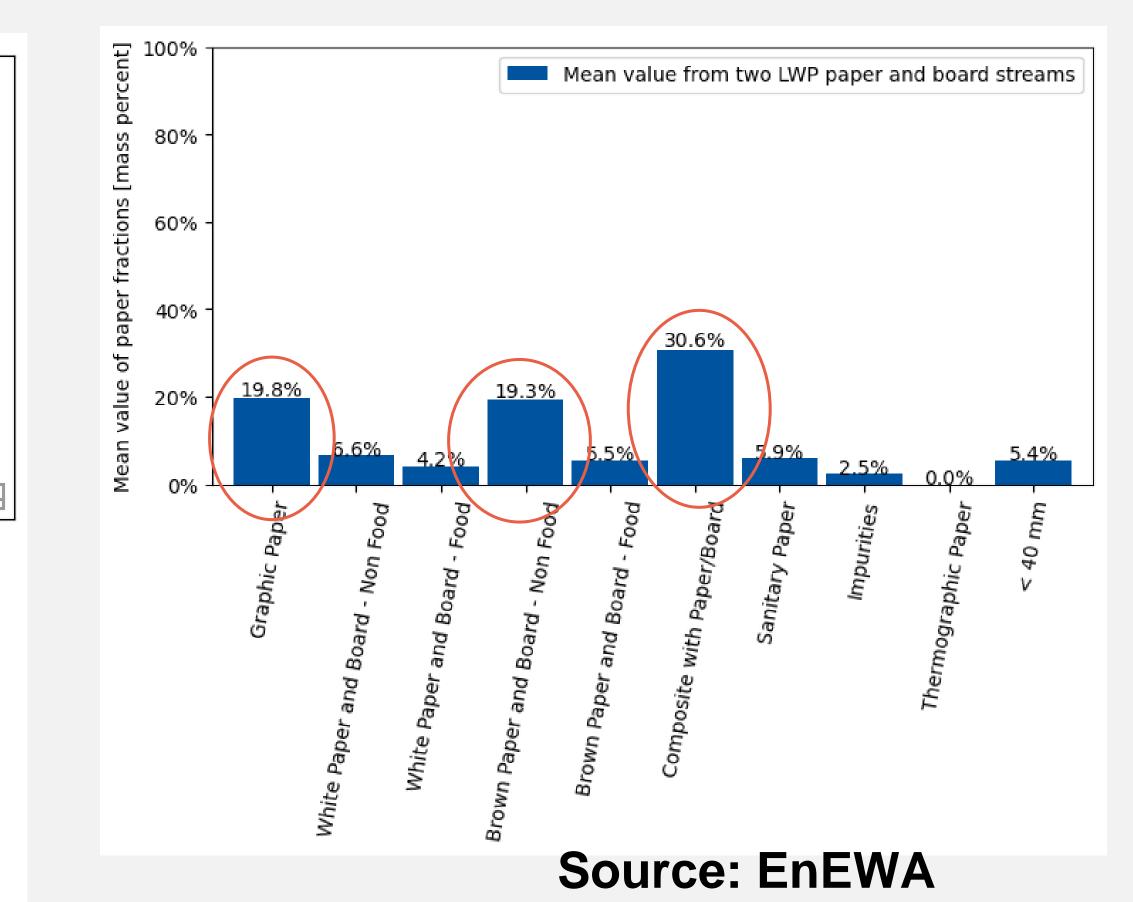
Paper and Board from LWP Paper and Board from LWP Composition



74

Paper and Board from LWP Paper and Board from LWP Composition after sorting of plastics and impurities







Paper and Board from LWP Challenge for sorting systems



Impurities: Wood, plant fiber; no differentiation from plant fiber/wood fiber to paper fiber possible.



Paper and Board from LWP Challenge for sorting systems



Impurities: black plastic / dark styrofoam; textiles

VEOLIA / 4evergreen

77

5- Outlook





Recovered paper market in Germany Outlook- challenges to be solved

Consumers

- Insufficient information / Misinformation
- No uniform/standardised or clear separation information
- Complexity of system
- Complexity of packaging
- 95/5 rule- not comprehensible
- No belief in recycling (LWP)
- Convenience, lack of motivation
- Anonymity (see city vs. countryside)
- \rightarrow CLEAR INFORMATION!
- → STANDARDISED LABELLING!



Industry:

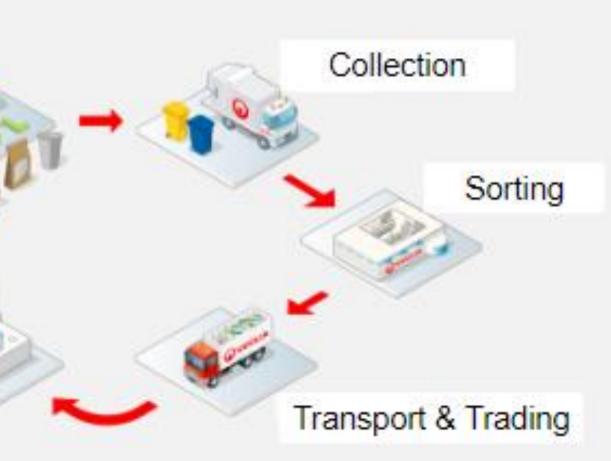
Need of commitment from industry to use recycled fibre from packaging Legal aspects: Evaluation of the useability of recovered fibers based area of origin $\rightarrow XXXVI$ Recommendation of the Federal Institute for Risk Assessment: - conditions for the use of recovered fibers as paper raw materials for food contact: "Excluded are [...] papers, boards and cardboards from [...] multi-component collection" Design for Recycling needed to easen circularity

Paper mills Packaging industry **Trading**:

•

Consumers

Difficulties in trading paper from LWP sortinglack of outlets in Germany / Europe; special processes needed besides "standard mills" for dealing with composites and impurities Current grades do not take into account variety of



- materials and use cases
- Quota requirements from packaging law,
- penalties if failed

Collection:

- Regional differences in the disposal systems (e.g. bring systems lead to more losses)
- No separation in public spaces (on- the- go-Packaging)
- **Collection rhythms**
- Lack of enforcement of legal requirements (e.g. GewAbfV)

Sorting:

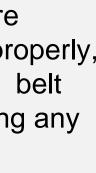
•

- Complexity of materials
- Wrong disposals lead to poor sorting qualities, e.g textiles, wood, plant fibre
- Some materials are not recognized properly, e.g. black plastics on black conveyor belt
- For Paper ("Blue bin"), often no sorting any more
- Enhanced screening needed to sort out • harmful material (e.g. bisphenol); support in sorting new grades

→ ENHANCED SORTING!

Sources: EnEWA; VEOLIA











Thank you!







Jean-Benoît Bel Senior Project Manager Association of Cities and Regions for Sustainable Resource Management (ACR +)









Collection and sorting of fibre-based packaging: best practices and current challenges for municipalities

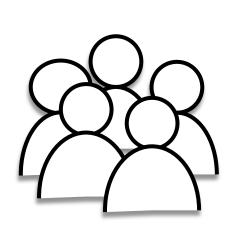


Jean-Benoit Bel | 22 June 2023









+1,100municipalities represented

REGIONE AUTONOMA DE SARDIGNA REGIONE AUTONOMA DELLA SARDEGNA



THE ACR+ WASTE OBSERVATORY

Observatory

ACR+

- Launched in 2010 to compare local waste data and identify good practices
- Initial working group of ACR+ Members to share data and compare performances
- Fed by:
 - EU Projects
 - Punctual studies
 - **Requests from Members**

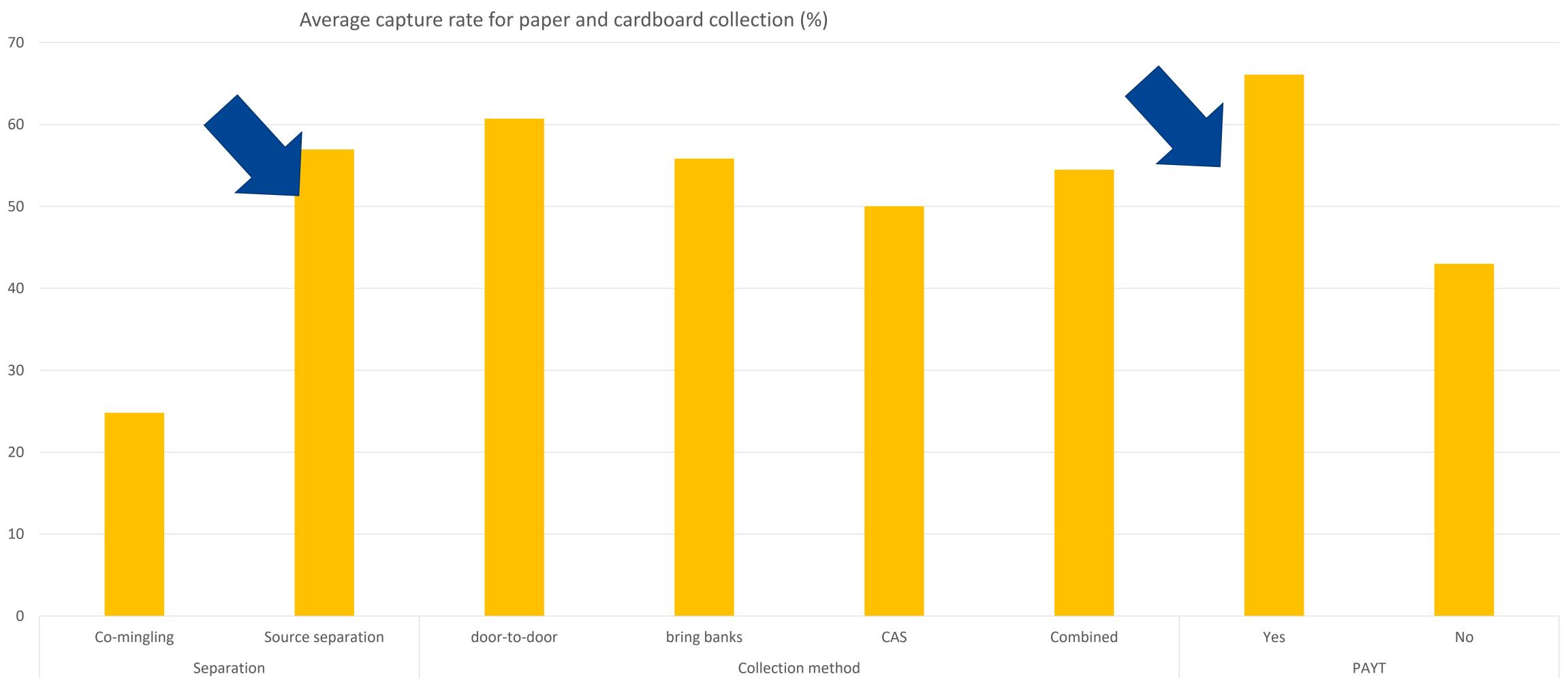








BEST LOCAL PRACTICES ?





BEST LOCAL PRACTICES

Information:

Pro-active

Frequent

On how and why

In link with people's concerns

Targeting the right people

Collection mode and equipment adapted to the constraints:

Convenience

Information

Space available in housing and on common/public spaces

Proximity of collection points

Several solutions: obligation, PAYT, reduced frequencies for residual waste

Key instruments to reach very high performances

Motivation

Sorting behaviour





THE IMPORTANCE OF THE CONTEXT

General or more specific contraints:

- Type of housing: high-rise buildings, small apartments, shared containers...
- Dense urban centres: lack of space for collection equipment, narrow streets
- Types of population: transient populations, commuters, tourists, different types with different constraints, language barriers...
- Other: distrust in waste management, problems with street cleaning, a « sensitive service » for many inhabitants





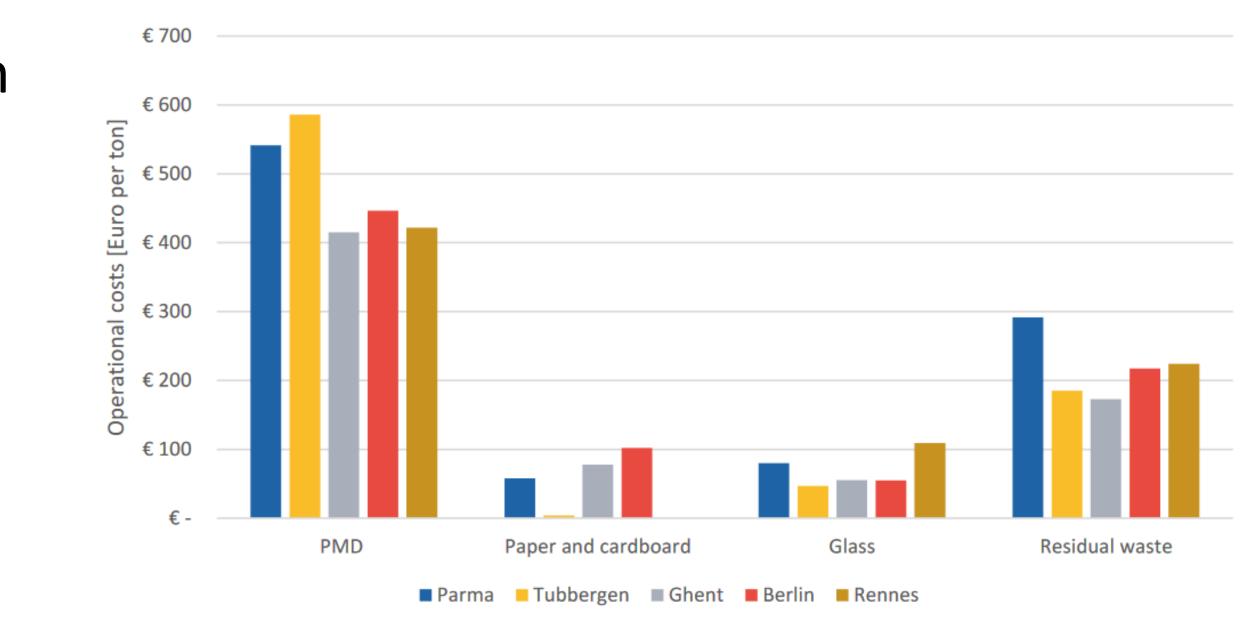


BEST LOCAL PRACTICES

- Importance of quality for recycling
 - Source-separation limits contamination
 - Quality control during collection/sorting
- High performances can be reached with reasonable costs...

...but it requires the right framework







THE RIGHT FRAMEWORK

The right economic framework



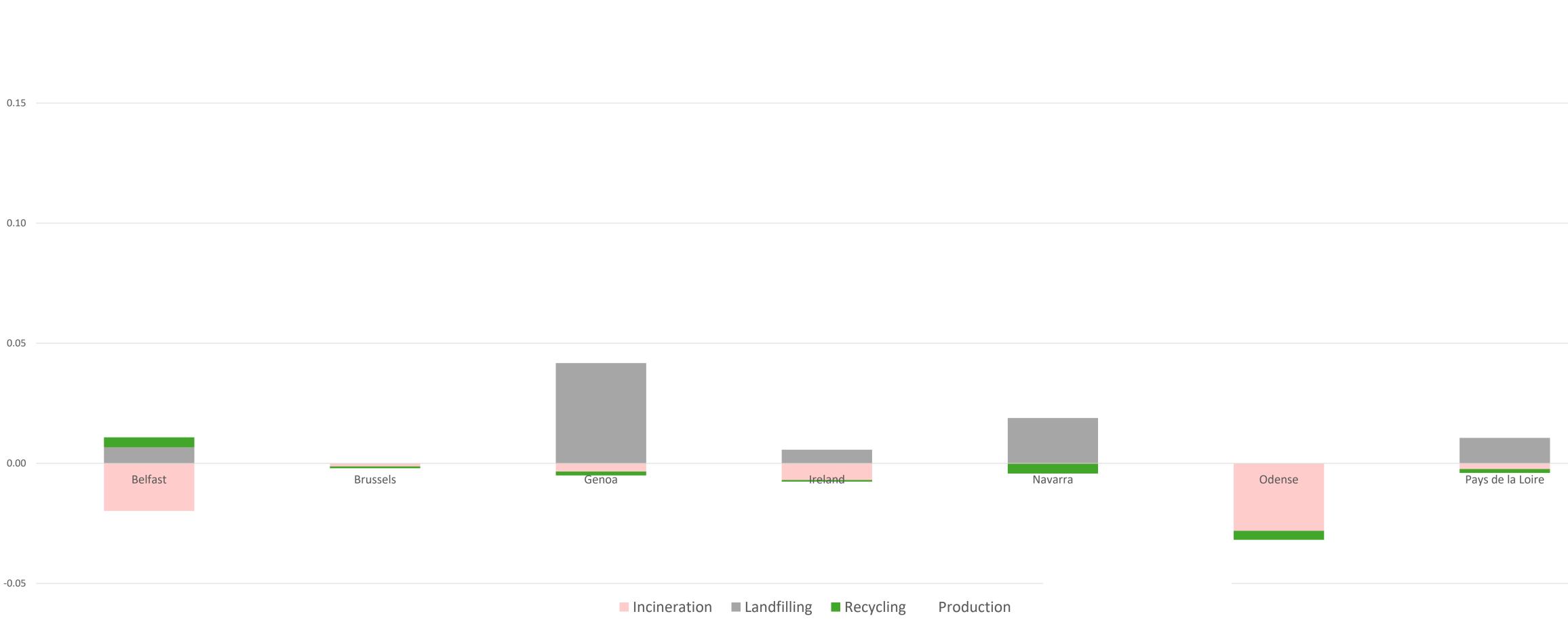




ANOTHER PERSPECTIVE

0.20





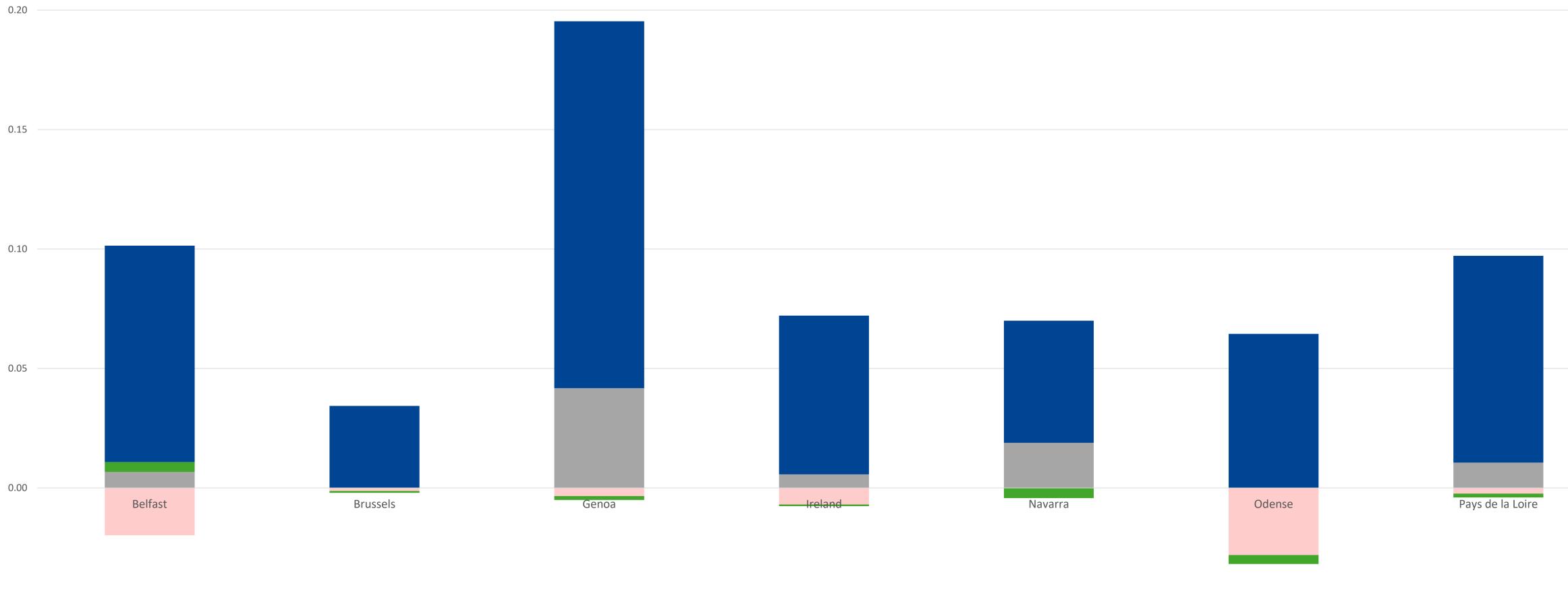


Carbon footprint for paper and cardboard (t CO2 eq/inh.)



ANOTHER PERSPECTIVE





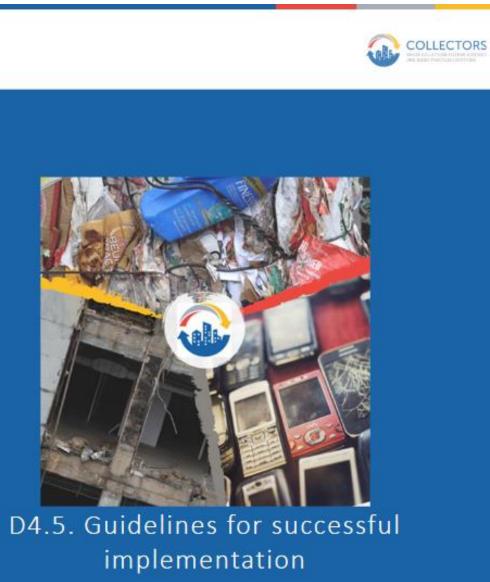


Carbon footprint for paper and cardboard (t CO2 eq/inh.)



SOME RESOURCES





Guidelines for improving local waste collection systems

Jean-Benoit Bel, ACR+





D4.6 – Policy recommendations & development needs related to the waste framework conditions

Policy recommendations

Jean-Benoit Bel – ACR+ & Brooke Flanagan – EUROCITIES



Thanks for your attention !

Jean-Benoit Bel jbb@acrplus.org

www.acrplus.org









Vanya Veras Secretary General Municipal Waste Europe









How to achieve Separate Collection and Reuse/Recycling Targets

22 June 2023

Vanya Veras Secretary General



Municipal Waste Europe

- We represent the municipalities of 19 **Countries in their waste** management obligations
- Municipalities are the Bridge between the producer, the consumer and the recovered materials
- A key enabler of the transition from Linear to **Circular Economy**





more on interactive map: www.municipalwasteeurope.eu/members

LEGAL BASIS

- Obligation to collect materials separately in the Waste Framework Directive
- Comingling allowed within the definition if materials collected together do not impact their ability to be recycled
- EPR for packaging modulated fees used to promote ecodesign
- The question of DRS existing systems in MSs versus a mandate in a Regulation
- Art. 38 of the proposed Packaging and Packaging Waste Regulation proposes • prevention – targets may be upcoming in the mini WFD revision
- Discussion in Parliament on setting reuse targets in the PPWR EC proposal already strengthens reuse obligations
- Eco-design for high quality recycling





PACKAGING & PACKAGING WASTE REGULATION MWE position:

- EC proposes change of legal basis and legal instrument need of flexibility for existing, functioning EPR. EPR should be under the environment legal basis
- Art. 3 **definition of 'compostable packaging'** should guarantee both the compostability and the digestibility under industrial conditions
- Arts. 40-42 **One PRO per waste stream** to ensure transparency, efficiency and to eliminate free-riders alternatively national level umbrella body to collect data and balance costs/fees. Modulated fees and packaging waste remaining in the residual mixed waste stream should be covered
- Art. 43 EPR and DRS should be compatible and interconnected
- Art. 44 DRS should only be made mandatory in MSs that repeatedly miss their recycling targets



PACKAGING & PACKAGING WASTE REGULATION

• Labelling of packaging & waste receptacles (art. 11& 12) as of 1 Jan 2028

- The Nordic Pictogram system has been welcomed by municipalities and packers and fillers throughout the Nordic countries and many Baltic countries. Other MSs are examining the possibility of taking it up voluntarily and the Commission/JRC is conducting a study on its in all MSs.
- To be effective, separate collection information labels should be applied at the same time to both waste collection bins and packaging. Alternatively confusion will ensue and targets will continue to be elusive.
- It is always best to communicate a finished product/service to the consumer. A labelling system harmonised across the EU will further facilitate this communication and simplification of the separate collection messages.



PACKAGING & PACKAGING WASTE REGULATION

- **Compostable packaging**: Definition (art. 3, (41) and obligation (art. 8, pp1) for sticky labels attached to fruit and vegetables, very lightweight plastic carrier, tea bags & filter coffee pods to be compostable
 - Citizens will not remove sticky labels on fruit before sorting in the biowaste bin – in our opinion these should either be disallowed or be 100% certified compostable
 - Adding compostable items to this list would only increase the burden on biogas plants and reduce the nutrient content of compost



IMPLEMENTATION

- quality materials are to arrive at sorting and recycling plants
- demographic and differing densities of population
- member of the population is involved
- on collection systems and costs



• Separate Collection must be the **starting point** if a high quantity of high

 There are numerous best practices demonstrated around Europe and combinations of these in different municipalities in accordance with their

 Separate Collection methodologies can be shared, communicated widely, demonstrated and proposed as best practice but there is no size fits all or a list of such examples that can be harmonised in legislation – municipal waste collection and management is complex because every

• EPR: For a high performance separate collection system, municipalities and EPR organisation members (packaging producers) need to co-decide

CONTACT US!

- Vanya Veras, Secretary General vanya.veras@municipalwasteeurope.eu
- Estefanía Jiménez Puerta, Policy Officer
- info@municipalwasteeurope.eu
- Website
- https://www.municipalwasteeurope.eu/
- LinkedIn

https://www.linkedin.com/company/municipal-waste-europe/









we need everyone's contribution!



making a difference

Together, we have the power to implement. We are driving new developments across the sector and using 4evergreen as a platform to push for innovation.



accessing intelligence

Our members are thought leaders in their respective fields. They share industry intelligence, best practices, case studies, guidelines and collaborate in various expert groups.

Ask for more information or book an introductory meeting at <u>4evergreen@cepi.org</u>





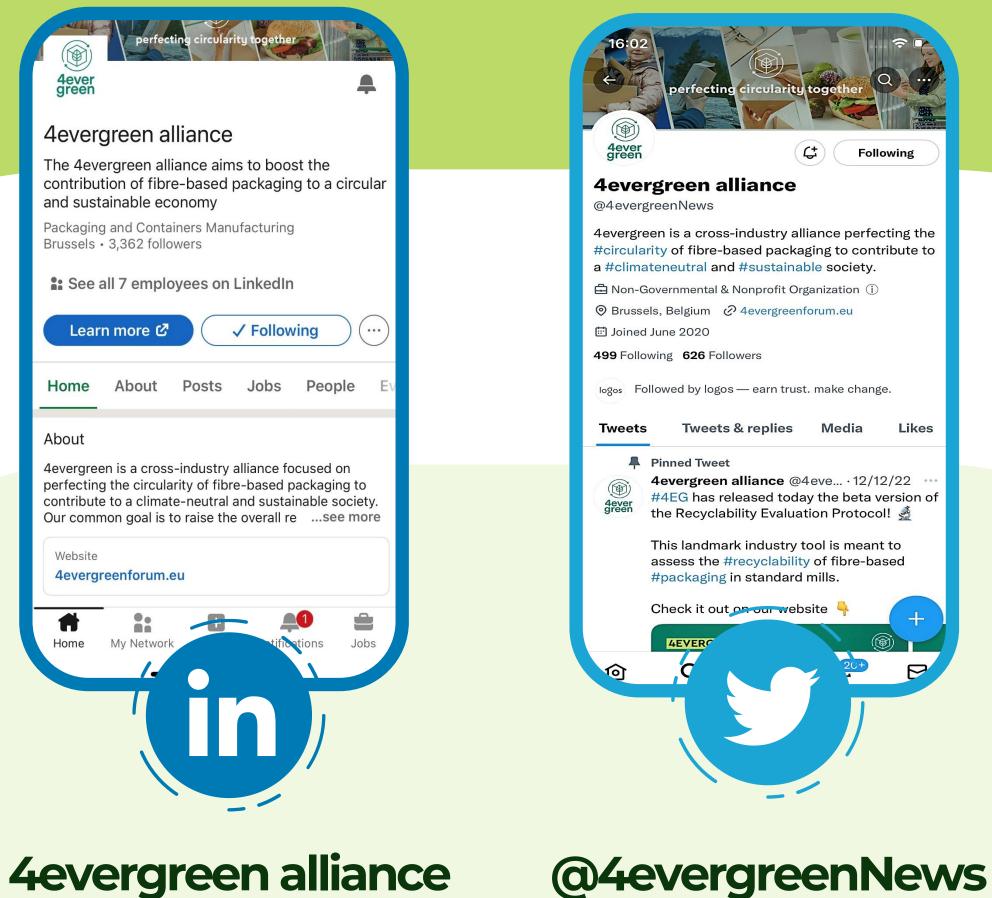


partnership

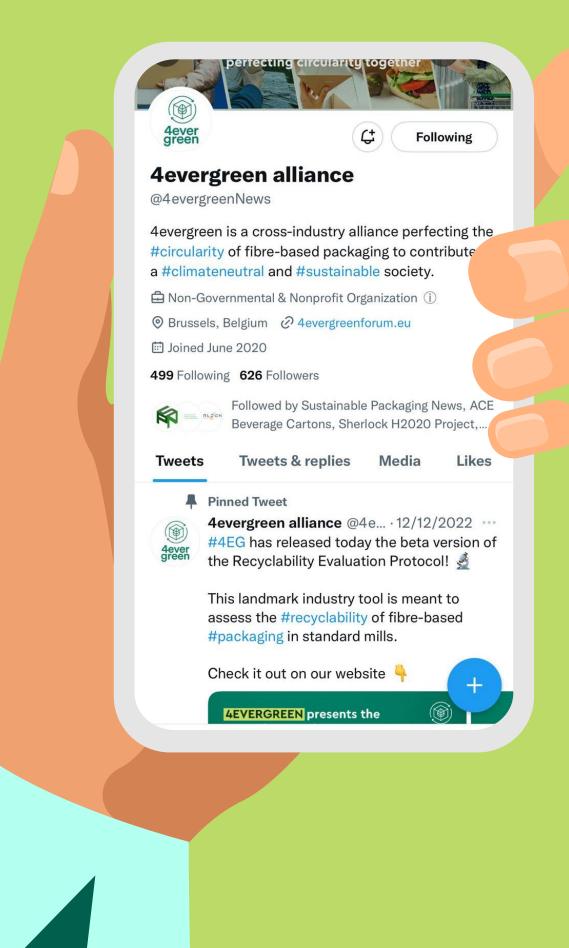
Our more than 100 market leaders have joined forces to perfect circularity. Together, we will get our voice heard.



social media











4ever green



Thank you!

Connect with us 4evergreen@cepi.org



